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Hunter Family Records

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"I have ever had a pleasare in obtaining
any little anecdotes of my ancestors."

---Benjamin Framklin.

"He only deserves to be remembered by posterity who treasures up and preserves the history of his ancestors." --- EDMUND BURKE.

---ooO HUNTER FAMILY RECORDS Ooo---

By

*4335.331

J. Montgomery Seaver

Assisted by

Miss Grayce Henry

AMERICAN HISTORICAL-GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

1415 Montgomery Avenue

Philadelphia, Pa.

1929

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--oO BATTLE HYMN OF THE HUNTERS Oo--

Tune: Battle Hymn of the Hunters.

In Bonnie Scotland our dear Hunter fathers lived and died,
At Hunterston, their ancient home, in Ayrshire, near the Clyde.
What Hunter name what Scottish blood but beats with joy and pride!
The Clan goes marching on!

Chorus: Glory to the House of Hunter!
Glory to the name of Hunter!
Hurrah, hurrah for all the Hunters!
The Clan goes marching on!

The Hunter blood is mingled with the Royal bloods of old.
Among the world's great families the Hunters are pure gold.
Each century our numbers have increased a hundred-fold.
The Clan goes marching on!

There's something strong and mighty in a good old family name;
And the name of Hunter shineth high upon the scroll of fame;
For nearly all the Hunters has pursued a lofty aim.
The Clan goes marching on!

The House of Hunter cherishes traditions of the past, (cast;
And with the world's great movements they have all their fortunes
And when they pledge their honor they are loyal to the last.
The Clan goes marching on!

We have our dukes and peasants, common folk and blue bloods, too.
We greet eachother with a smile and "Cousin, How-dy-do."
This goes with all the Hunters and it goes with me and you.
The Clan goes marching on!

The Hunters all are loyal to the good old U.S.A.
They love the flag of freedom and will follow it for aye.
The Hunters do their duty and they never run away.
The Clan goes marching on!

To every corner of our land we sound the bugle call;
Two hundred thousand Hunters hear and answer one and all.
You can hear the Hunters tramping like Niagara's waterfall.
The Clan goes marching on!

If you claim the name of Hunter, join the chorus of the Clan,
In our Records and Reunions, all according to our plan.
The name to highest honors boost it every way you can.
The Clan goes marching on!

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(A) INTRODUCTION.

One of the early forms of the name "Hunter" was Huntar. Another was "Hunte", meaning a hunter by occupation. The Anglo-Saxon was "Hunta," the German, "Hunder." See references 5 and 6.

The following titled Hunter families are shown in Reference 2 (BURKE'S GENERAL ARMORY): Hunterston, co. Ayr., Scotland; Resennet, co. Forfar; Polmood, co. Peebles; Ballegan, co. Dumfries; Bargary, co. Dumfries; Thurston, co. Haddington; Hafton, co. Argyll; Glencase, co. Perth; Bernside, co. Forfar; Mortimer Hill, co. Berks; Medolmsley, co. Durham; Coryland, co. Lincoln; Straidarran, co. Londonderry (Ireland).

Most, and probably all, of these are descendant from or related later to the Hunters of Hunterston, from all Hunters are believed to be to be descendants. Though authorities differ, some claim that all Hunters, excepting those who (or whose ancestors) have adopted the name, are related.

The Hunter family has been prominent in the British Empire and America, its members having played important roles in public affairs. Family pride is a trait which should be cultivated, and all Hunters have just cause to be proud of their family history and traditions.

The data in this collection has been gathered from very reliable sources. A partial list of references being given in the back of this volume. It was our intention to include such information as would be of the greatest interest to the average member of the family.

Unless otherwise plainly shown, the persons in this volume whose names are accompanied by a number of three figures, are sons (or daughters) of the immediately preceeding persons bearing immediately preceeding consecutive numbers. All persons in each group bearing the same letter, as part of the number, are directly related.

The generations of the descendants of Hunters bearing numbers of three figures are represented as follows:

Generations:	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
Symbols:	(1), etc.	(A), etc.	(a), etc.	1, etc.	A, etc.

Gen:	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
Symbols:	a, etc.	(I), etc.	(i), etc.	I, etc.	i, etc.

Abbreviations: b., born; d., died; d.y., died young; m., married; s., son.

Those desiring further information may consult the various works shown in the list of references. Attention is specially invited to Chapter (O).

The Compiler.

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(B) THE HUNTER COAT OF ARMS

Sir Bernard Burke, of Heralds College, London, said "Heraldry is prized by all who can show honorable ancestry or who wish to found honorable families."

While Coats of Arms are not recognized by law in the United States, more American families than ever before are displaying Coats of Arms used by their forebears in Europe. Very often you now see family Arms displayed in American homes and offices as well as on correspondence stationery.

The Coat of Arms shown on the cover of this volume is the Arms of the Hunter Family, of Hunterston, Scotland, from whom the American Hunters are descended, and has been in the family for many centuries. Some of the Branches of the Family (descendants of the Hunters of Hunterston) have altered their Arms slightly, but they all bear a similarity to the Arms of Hunterston.

Many of the Hunters in America have used this Arms since the early Seventeenth Century, and the family of Captain David Hunter, hero of the Revolution (See his biography on another page) used it.

Copies of this Arms are found, with descriptions and drawings, in "BURKE'S PEERAGE AND BARONETCY" (1891, 1915, 1924), "BURKE'S LANDED GENTRY," BURKE'S GENERAL ARMORY, in other reliable works on Heraldry, and in numerous publications on the Hunter Family. It is described, in heraldic parlance as follows:

Arms: Or (gold), 3 hunting horns vert (green), stringed gules (red), a cross crosslet of the last (red) for distinction as not of the blood.

Crest: A greyhound sejant proper (natural colors), gorged with an antique crown or (gold).

Motto: Cursum Perficio (I accomplish my course).

Besides its family significance, the Hunter Coat of Arms makes an attractive mural decoration, especially when hand-painted in proper bright colors, and inspires the admiration and comment of all who see it.

As an emblem of family pride, as well as a work of art, we believe that every Hunter should have a copy of the Hunter Arms on the wall of his (or her) home or office. Many prominent Hunters in America have asked us to produce painted copies for them.

We have copies on hand, hand-painted in proper colors, in [illegible]s, on specially treated heraldic board, mounted Chippendale style, with frame and glass, size 13X16 in., for $10.00; and another, size 9X12 in., on peerless levant board, in water colors, hand-painted, mounted Chippendale Style, with frame and glass, for $5.00.

(C) ANCIENT HUNTER FAMILIES.

The Hunter family is of royal descent from EDWARD I, King of England, through his second son, Edmund, Earl of Kent, whose daughter, Lady Joan Plantagenet, was the wife of Thomas, Lord Holland. Her great-great-granddaughter, Princess Jane Stuart, became the wife of George Gordon, second Earl of Huntly and Lord Chancellor. Their daughter, Lady Isabel Gordon, was married to William Hay, third Earl of Erroll. Their great-grandson, Andrew Hay, became the seventh Earl. By his wife, Lady Agnes Sinclair, daughter of the fourth Earl of Caithness, he had a son, Hon. Sir George Hay, of Killour, who married Elizabette, daughter of Sir Patrick Cheyne, of Esselmont. Their daughter, Anne, became the wife of William Moray of Abercairney, who died in 1642. Their son, Robert Moray, was knighted by Charles I. His daughter, Anne, married David Graham, of Fintry, ninth Earl in descent from William Graham of Kincardine and the Lady, Mary [illegible]. Their daughter, Amelia Graham became the wife of ALEXANDER HUNTER, of Blackness, co. Forfar, in 1741. [illegible] Chapter (F)

Burke's "Landed Gentry" states that "Two ancient families of the name of Hunter existed in Scotland for many centuries. These were the Hunters of Tweeddale, now extinct, and the Hunters of HUNTERSTON, co. Ayr, who owned the present estates as early as the time of Alexander II, King of Scotland. In 1375 William Hunter obtained a charter from King Robert II, for a part of the Barony of Amele. These lands were known as Campbellton, and are still possessed by the family. Dr. John Hunter discovered the circulation of the blood, and was a member of the family of Hunterston.

HUNTER OF HUNTERSTON, Co. AYR.

[illegible] NORMAN Ventor OR HUNTER lived between 1080 and 1165, and William Ventor, whose name appears as one of the witnesses to an inquisition, A.D. 1116, by Dadid I, of the lands pertaining to the Church of Glasgow, are the earliest of the family on record. They are said to have passed over to England soon after the Conquest, 1066. Norman recieved a grant of land on the extreme west coast of co. Ayr (later called "Arnell Huntar"), which now forms part of the estate of HUNTERSTON (previously called "Hunterstoune").

Aylmar de la Huntar signed the noted submission to Edward I, 1296. For his "faithful services rendered," the grant of land was confirmed by Robert II, to William Huntar (A100), great-grandson of Alymar.

[illegible] WILLIAM HUNTAR: Was infeft of his estate prior to 1487.

A101 ARCHIBALD HUNTAR, 13th Laird of Arnelle Huntar, or Huntarston, or of that ilk. Died before 1487.

A102 JOHN HUNTAR: 14th Laird of Huntar; killed at Flodden, 1513. His oldest son was Robert Huntar, 15th Laird of Huntar, or of that ilk. A license was granted to him by James V, Oct. 24, 1542, to remain at home from the war on account of his being "waik and tender of complectioun." Died about 1546. His other son was A103.

A103 KENTIGERN, or MUNGO HUNTAR, 16th Laird of Huntar, or of that ilk; killed at the battle of Pinkie, 1547.

A104 ROBERT HUNTAR, 17th Laird of Huntar; married Margaret Crawford.
(1) Robert-A105. (2) Francis.
(3) Jean. (4) Katherine (5) Marion.

A105 ROBERT HUNTAR, 18th Laird of Huntar; married a descendant of Montgomery of Eglinton. He died without issue and settled the estate on his kinsman, No. A106, who married Robert's niece.

A106 ROBERT HUNTER. He and his descendants spelled the name "Hunter." He was the 19th Laird of Hunterston. Died 1665.
(1) Robert-A107.
(2) Henry: Minister of the Church of Scotland
(3) Francis: Ancestor of the Hunters of Long Calderwood.
(A) ----
(b) William.
(a) John, of Caldewood.
1 John: died young.
2 Andrew.
3 James.
4 William: b. 1718; "a distinguished physician.

A107 ROBERT HUNTER: 20th Laird of Hunterston; married Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick Crawford.
(1) Patrick-A108.
(2) Rev. Robert: Minister of the Church of Scotland.
(A) Robert.
(a) George.
1 Robert: m. 1791.

A108 PATRICK HUNTER: 21st Laird of Hunterston; d. 1699.

A109 PATRICK HUNTER: 22nd Laird of Hunterston; married Marion, dau. of Thomas Crawford, of Crawfurdsburne, co. Renfrew.
(1) Robert-A110
(2) David.
(A) Patrick: married Rebecca, dau. of Charles Flemming.
(a) David.
(b) Charles Fleming
(c) Patrick.
(d) Milliken: d. 1837.
(e) Robert.

A110 ROBERT HUNTER: 23rd Laird of Hunterston; married 1762.
[illegible] HUNTER; heiress of Hunterston; married her cousin, Robert Caldwell, who assumed the name and arms of Hunter, of Hunterston.

A112 ROBERT HUNTER, Esquire, of Hunterston, or of that Ilk; b. 1799; m. Christina, dau. of William Crawford.

A113 JANE HUNTER: married Lieut-Col. Gould Weston, now Hunter-Weston, of Hunterston.
(1) Aylmer Gould: b. 1864.
(2) Reginald Hugh: b. 1869.

See Page 4 for a description of the Coat of Arms of the Hunters of Hunterston.

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HUNTER OF TYNEMONT.

B114 EDWARD HUNTAR, of Polmood.
B115 NORMAN HUNTER: married Elspeth Manners, an attendant to Queen Margaret (Tudor). He is said to be the 9th Laird of the name Norman. Died 1512.
B116 WALTER HUNTER: married 1525.
B117 ROBERT HUNTER: d. 1569.
B118 ROBERT HUNTER: d. 1586.
B119 JAMES HUNTER: "Tudor of Polmood."
B120 JOHN HUNTER: of co. Haddington.
B121 WILLIAM HUNTER: d. 1738.
B122 JOHN HUNTER: d. 1765.
B123 DAVID HUNTER: of Falla, co. Haddington.
B124 WILLIAM HUNTER: of Tynemount; d. 1852.
B125 REV. ANDREW J.: Born 1844.
B126 HENRY MALCOLM HUNTER: b. 1877.

HUNTER OF STRAIDARRAN, Co. LONDONDERRY.

C127 RICHARD HUNTER: of Troy House, co. Londonderry, Ireland. He was a descendant of Hunter of Hunterston.

C128 NATHANIEL HUNTER: of Troy House; b. 1762; d. 1811.

C129 RICHARD HUNTER: born 1788.
(1) Nathaniel Maxwell: born 1819.
(2) John Charles Frederick; now of Straidarran.

The Arms used by this branch of the family differed very little from the Arms of Hunterston.

HUNTER OF THURSTON, E. LOTHIAN.

D130 JAMES HUNTER: of Abbotsford, Co. Ayr, a younger son of Hunterston; acquired lands in Ayr by charter dated May 19, 1569.
D131 JAMES HUNTER: Acquired lands of Roddingwood; died 1617.
D132 JAMES: Provost of Ayr.
(1) Robert-D133.
(2) Adam.
(A) James: b. 1672.
(a) Andrew: b. 1695.
1 Rev. Andrew: b. 1744.
D133 ROBERT HUNTER: Provost of Ayr.
D134 ROBERT HUNTER: born 1665.
D135 JAMES: Provost of Ayr; b. 1698.
D136 ROBERT: married 1764.
D137 JAMES: m. 1811.
D138 JAMES : d. 1879; of Thurston, E. Lothian.

The Arms of this branch of the family are practically the same as the Arms of Hunter of Hunterston.

HUNTER OF ELMS, LEAMINGTON SPA.

E139 DAVID HUNTER.
E140 DAVID HUNTER: died 1576.
E141 DAVID HUNTER: d. 1698.
E142 DAVID HUNTER: d. 1728.
E143 DAVID HUNTER: d. 1758; Captain in Prince Charles' Life Guards.
E144 CHARLES: d. 1809.
E145 GENERAL DAVID HUNTER: d. 1846.
E146 GEN. DAVID HUNTER: d. 1846.
E147 WILLIAM HUNTER: b. 1796; Major; Aide-de-Camp to General Burke.
E148 DAVID HUNTER: d. 1847.
E149 WILLIAM HUNTER, of the Elms.
(1) George: b. 1889.
(2) Charles: b. 1893.
(3) William: b. 1895.
(4) Robert: b. 1899.
(5) David: b. 1881 (?).

HUNTER OF MEDOMSLEY, DURHAM.

F150 WILLIAM HUNTER: Inherited the estates of Medomsley, which had been in the family since 1584. Died 1712.
F151 ROBERT: married 1715.
F152 CUTHBERT HUNTER: m. 1749.
F153 GEN. SIR MARTIN HUNTER: Governor of Sterling Castle; Born 1757.
F154 MATTHEW DYSANT: b. 1803.
F155 MARTIN HUNTER: b. 1854.

HUNTER OF BEECH HILL, Co. BERKS.

G156 HENRY HUNTER: Merchant of London; born 1634.
G157 JOHN HUNTER: Lived in Berkshire; d. 1714.
G158 HENRY LANNOY HUNTER.
G159 ----- HUNTER.
G160 SIR CLAUDIUS STEPHEN: b. 1775; Created Baronet, 1818.
G161 JOHN HUNTER: b. 1798.
G162 SIR CLAUDIUS STEPHEN PAUL HUNTER: 2nd Baronet.
G163 SIR CHARLES RODERICK HUNTER: 3rd Baronet; b. 1858.

HUNTER

H164 JOHN HUNTER: married 1680.
H165 JAMES HUNTER: married 1722.
H166 JAMES HUNTER: b. 1816.
H167 SIR CHARLES HUGHES HUNTER: Created Baronet 1910;
H168 SIR WILLIAM BLAKELEY HUGHES HUNTER.

Motto: Dum Spiro Spero.

(D) PROMINENT BRITISH HUNTERS, PAST GENERATIONS.

(Reference 18).

HUNTER, ALEXANDER: M.D. (1729-1809), Physician born at Edinburgh in 1729 (the Memoir says 1735), was eldest son of a druggist in good circumstances. He was sent to the grammar school at ten, and at fifteen to the university, where he remained until he was twenty- one, having devoted the last three years to medicine. He spent the next year or two studying in London, in Rouen (under Le Cat), and in Paris (under Petit), and on his return to Edinburgh graduated M.D. in 1753 (thesis, "De Canthardibus"). After practicing for a few months at Gainsborough, and a few years at Beverly, he was invited to York in 1765, on the d. of Dr. Perrot, and continued to practise there with great success until his death in 1809. His first literary venture was a small tract in 1764, an "Essay on the Nature and Virtues of the Buxton Waters,' which went through six editions. The last appeared in 1797 under the name of 'The Buxton Manual.' In 1806 he published a similar work on the 'Waters of Harrowgate,' York, 8vo. He took an active part in founding the Agricultural Society at York in 1770, 'and to give respectability to the institution, he prevailed on the members to reduce their thoughts and observations into writing.' These essays, on the food of plants, composts, etc., were edited by him in four volumes (London, 1770-2), under the title of 'Georgical Essays,' and were so much valued as to be reprinted three times (once at London and twice at York) before 1803. His 'New Method of Raising Wheat for a Series of Years on the Same Land' appeared in 1796, York 4to. In 1772 Hunter set to work to establish the York Lunatic Asylum. The building was finished in 1777, and Hunter was Physician to it for many years. His continued interest in rural economy was shown in a elaborate illustrated edition, with notes, of Evelyn's 'Sylva,' in 1 vol. 4to, 1776 (reprinted in 1786, in 2 vols. in 1801, and again, after his death, in 1812). In 1778 he edited Evelyn's 'Terra,' and joined it to the third edition of the (Sylva) 1801. He was elected F.R.S. (Lond.) in 1777, and F.R.S. (Edinb.) in 1790. He was also made an honorary member of the Board of Agriculture, and in 1795 addressed a pamphlet to Sir John Sinclair on 'Outlines of Agriculture' (2nd. edit. 1797). In 1797 he published 'An Illustration of the Analogy between Vegetable and Animal [illegible] turition, London, 8 vo. He was author of a tract on the curability of consumption, extracted from the manuscript of William White of York, of which a French translation by [illegible] Tardy, (London, 1793) is known; and also of a cookery-book called 'Culina Famulatrix Medicinæ,' first published [illegible] reprinted in 1805, 1805, and 1807, and finally in 1820 under the title of 'Receipts in Modern Cookery.' A production of his old age, which became well known was a collection of maxims called 'Men and Manners; or Concentrated Wisdom.' It quickly reached a third edition in 1808. The last edition contains 1,146 maxims, chiefly trite and good, but mixed with a few of inferior quality, which have every appearance of being original. He died on 17 May, 1809, and was buried in the Church of St. Michael le Belfry at York.

Andrew Hunter: D.D. (1743-1809), professor of divinity at Edinburgh, born in Edinburgh in 1743, was the eldest son of Andrew Hunter of Park, writer to the signet, of the Abbotshill branch of the Hunters of Hunterston, Ayrshire. His Mother was Grizel, daughter of General Maxwell of Cardoness in the stewartry of Kirkcudbright. After an education at a private school in Edinburgh, he passed to the University, where he completed the usual course of study in arts and divinity. He subsequently spent a year at the university of Utrecht studying theology. He was licensed as a preacher by the presbytery at Edinburgh in 1767, but, unwilling to be separted from his father, he declined for some years to accept a pastoral charge. During this period he was an active member of several literary and theological societies, and his reading and studies were directed by Robert Walker (q.v.) of the High Church, Edinburgh, the colleague of Dr. Blair, and one of the best preachers of the time. In 1770 he was ordained, and inducted as minister of the New Church, Dumfries, and soon afterwards he purchased the estate of Barjarg in that county. He was translated to New Greyfriars Church, Edinburgh, in 1779, and at the same time was appointed colleague and successor to Dr. Robert Hamilton in the professorship of divinity in the university. In 1786 he was translated to the Tron Church, was moderator of the general assembly in 1792, declined soon afterwards the offer of a royal chaplaincy, and died April 21, 1809. In 1779 he married Marion Schaw, eldest daughter of William, sixth, lord Napier, by whom he had William Francis, advocate, who took the additional name of Arundel, and succeeded to the estate of Barjarg; John, D.D., minister of Swinton and afterwards of the Tron Church, Edinburgh; and Grizel who married George Ross, esq., advocate. Hunter published three separate sermons (1775, 1792, and 1797). Two other of his sermons are in the 'Scottish Preacher'.

Anne Hunter: (1742-1821), poetess, eldest daughter of Robert Home, surgeon, and sister of Sir Everard Home (q.v.), married in July 1771, John Hunter (q.v.) the great surgeon. Before her marriage she had gained some note as a lyrical poetess, her "Flower of the Forest" appearing in "The Lady," an Edinburgh periodical, in 1765. Her social literary parties were among the most enjoyable of her time, though not always to her husband's taste. Elizabeth Carter and Miss Delany were her attached friends, and Haydn set a number of her songs to music, including "My Mother bid me bind my Hair," originally written to an air of Pleydell's. On her husband's death in 1793, Mrs. Hunter was left ill provided for and for some time she was indebted for a maintenance partly to the queen's bounty and to the generosity of Dr. Gartshore (1732?1812) and partly to the sale of her husband's furniture, library, and curiosities (OTTLEY, Life of Hunter, pp. 137-9). In 1799 Parliament voted 15,000l. for the Hunterian museum, which placed Mrs. Hunter in fair circumstances. She had four children, of whom a son and a daughter (wife of Sir James Campbell), survived her. She lived in retirement in London till her death on Jan 7, 1821.

HUNTER, CHRISTOPHER : (1675-1757), physician and antiquary, born in July 1675, was the only son of Thomas Hunter, of Medonsley, Durham, by his second wife, Margaret Readshaw (SURTEES. Durham, ii. 289). He was educated at the free grammar school of Kepyr in Houghton-le-Spring, Durham. In 1692 he was admitted pensioner of St. John's College, Cambridge, and became a favourite pupil of Thomas Baker (1656-1740) (q.v.), whose sister Margaret was the wife of John Hunter, Christopher's eldest brother. From this connection he derived a taste for antiquarian pursuits. He took the degree of bachelor of medicine in 1698, and soon afterward settled in practice at Stockton-on-Tees. He had a license, dated 7 October 1701, from Dr. John Brookbank, spiritual chancellor of Durham, to practise physic throughout the diocese of Durham. On 1 [illegible]. 1702, he married, at Durham Abbey, Elizabeth, one of the two daughters and coheiress of John Elrington of Espersheales in the parish of Bywell, Northumberland. A few years later he removed from Stockton to Durham, a place much more congenial to his social and antiquarian tastes. He became a regular frequenter of the fine library of the dean, and chapter, but there is a tradition that he was eventually refused access for spilling a bottle of ink over a valuable copy of Magna Charta. He discovered coins, excavated altars, and traced roads and stations at Lanchester and Ebchester. To the success of his researches on Roman ground, the altars preserved in the Cathedral Library at Durham bear solid testimony, while his valuable local knowledge was the highest use to Horsley in compiling his "Britannia Romana", and to Gordon in his 'Itinerarium Septentrionale'. In the Spring of 1707 Hunter retired from Durham to his wife's estate at Untbank in the parish of Shotley, Northumberland, where he died on 12 July of that year, and was buried in Shotley Church. His wife survived him, together with his eldest son, Thomas. John, his younger son, and Anne, an only daughter, died long before him. Hunter's manuscript topographical collections in twenty-one closely written volumes in folio were after his death offered for sale by his executors. Two volumes of transcripts from the chartularies of the Church of Durham, written in an extremely neat hand, and a bundle of loose papers, were purchased by the dean and chapter of Durham for twelve guineas; but Thomas Kendal, one of the executors, preceiving that the dean and chapter were likely to become the purchasers of the whole, for some reason stopped the sale of the remaining volumes. Another volume was in the possession of the family in 1820, byt many appear to be irretrievably lost.

Sir Claudius Stephen Hunter: (1775-1851), lord mayor of London, born at Beech Hill, near Reading, Feb. 24, 1775, was the youngest son of Henry Hunter (1739-1789) of Beech Hill, Berkshire, a barrister, by Mary, third daughter of William Sloane, the great-nephew of Sir Hans Sloane, bart. His sister Mary (d. 1847) was second wife of William Manning, M.P., for Leamington, and was thus mother of Cardinal Manning. He was educated at Newcome's school at Hackney, and afterwards by a protestant clergyman in Switzerland. He entered as a student of the Inner Temple, but was subsequently articled for five years to Bearfsworth, Burley, & [illegible] solicitors, of Lincoln's Inn. He commenced business in 1797 as a solicitor in

Lincoln's Inn, in partnership with George Richards. A wealthy marriage in the same year proved of assistance, and his practice grew very large. He was solicitor to the commercial commissioners under the income duty acts, the London Dock Company, the Royal Institution, the Society for the Promotion of Religion and Virtue and Suppression of Vice, the Linnean Society, and the Royal Exchange Assurance Company. In Sept. 1804 he was chosen alderman of the ward of Bassishaw, and then relinquished the general management of his business to his partner. Two years afterwards he was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the Royal east regiment of London militia (becoming colonel 10 Jan. 1810), and devoted much time to his regiment, which was occasionally called upon to serve at a distance from the metropolis. In June 1808 he was elected sheriff of London. He retired from business as a solicitor on 11 January, 1811, and was called to the bar. On 9 Nov. 1811 he became lord mayor of the city of London, when he revived all the ancient ceremonies worthy of renewal, and his pageant was exceptionally magnificient. He was created a baronet on 11 Dec. 1812, and made honorary D.C.L. of the university of Oxford 23 June 1819. He died at Mortimer Hill, Reading, Berkshire, 20 April 1851.

George Orby Hunter: (1773?-1843), translator of Byron into French, was probably the English officer of the name who was appointed ensign in the old 100th foot in 1783, promoted lieutenant in the 7th. royal fusilers in 1785, and after holding the adjutancy of the latter corps for a few years, sold out of the army in February 1790. The name does not occur in either the English or Indian army lists from 1790 to 1843. The register of deaths at Dieppe shows that "Georges Orby Hunter, coloner of English infantry, of the supposed age of 70, parentage and wife unknown, and having his domicile at No. 6 Grander Rue Dieppe, died there on 26 April 1843." Hunter was engaged on a translation of Byron's works into Franch. He completed "The Gianour," "Bride of Abydos," "Cain," and the first 186 stanzas of "Don Juan." The work was finished by M. Pascal Rame, and was published, in three vols. 8vo. at Paris in 1845.

Henry Hunter: (1741-1802), divine, born at Culross, Pertshire on Aug. 25, 1741, was the fifth child of David and Agnes Hunter. In 1754 he was sent to the university of Edinburgh, and became tutor first to Alexander Boswell, afterwards lord Balmuto, and subsequently, in 1758, in the family of the Earl of Dundonald at Culross, Abbey, On 2 May 1764, he received license to preach from the presbytery of Dunfermline, and was ordained minister of South Leith on 9 Jan. 1766. He died at Bristol on 27 Oct. 180[illegible] and was buried on 6 Nov. in Bunhill Fields. In May 1766 he married Margaret daughter of Thomas Charters, minister of inverkeithing, and by her, who died on 25 July, 1803, he left two sons and one daughter. Hunter wrote: 1. "Sacred Biography," a course of lectures on the lives of Bible characters (vol. i. 1783, vol. vi. and last 1792); 5th. edition, 1802 (5 vols. 8 vo); 8th. edition 1820. 2. 'Sermons:...To which are subjoined Memoirs, Anecdotes, and Illustrations,' 1795, 2 vols. 3. 'Sermons and other Miscellaneous' London, 1804 (2vols. 8vo), posthumous, with memoir and portrait

engraved by Thomas Holloway (q.v.), after a portrait by Stevenson. In 1797 Hunter began the publication in parts of a careless 'History of London and its Environs,' which he did not live to complete. The publisher, John Stockdale, with the assistance of other hacks, issued the discreditable compilation as a complete work in two quarto volumes in 1811. At the request of his congregation Hunter completed and published John Fell's 'Lectures on the Evidences of Christianity,' 8 vo, London, 1798 (another edition 1799).

John Hunter: (1728-1793), anatomist and surgeon, born on 13 February 1728 at Long Calderwood, in the parish of East Kilbride, Lanarkshire, was the youngest of ten children. His father John Hunter (d1741, aged 78), was descended from an old Ayrshire family, Hunter of Hunterston, and was a man of intelligence, integrity, and anxious temperament. His mother Agnes, Paul, daughter of the treasurer of the city of Glassgow, was an excellent and handsome woman. As a boy Hunter showed little taste for books, loved country sports, and being allowed to neglect school never overcame the defects of his education. When about seventeen he went to stay in Glassgow with his sister, Mrs. Buchanan, whose husband a cabinet maker, was in difficulties. Hunter helped him for some time in his trade, and acquired much mechanical skill. In his twentieth year he visited his brother William (1718-1783) (q.v.) in London, with a view to assisting in his dissecting room. He travelled on horseback in September 1748, and was set to work on a dissection of the arm-muscles. Succeeding beyond expectation, he was able to superintend schools in the second season. He was very popular with the 'resurrection-men' who were then essential to the anatomist, was fond of lively company and of the theatre, and was familiarly known as 'Jack Hunter.' In the summer of 1749-50 his brother obtained permission for him to attend Chelsea Hospital under William Cheselden (q.v.) in 1751 he became a pupil of Pott at St. Bartholomew's. In 1755 he was appointed one of the 'masters of anatomy' of the Surgeons' Corporation. In 1754 he entered as a surgeon's pupil at St. George's Hospital, where he was a house-surgeon for some months in 1756. On 5 June 1755 he was matriculated as a commoner of St. Mary Hall, Oxford. In later years Hunter told Sir Anthony Carlisle, 'They wanted to make an old woman of me, or that I should stuff Latin and Greek at the university; but he added, significantly pressing his thumbnail on the table, 'these schemes cracked like so many vermin as they came before me.' Both Home and Ottley state that Hunter began to assist his brother lecturing in 1754. In the 'European Magazine' for Oct. 1782 (ii247) it is stated, on the other hand, apparently on John Hunters' authority that his brother wished to take him into partnership with him, and 1758 declared him fully competent, but that he declined on account of his aversion to public speaking, and extreme diffidence. Assisting in lecturing however did not involve partnership, and the two statements are not incompatible. Returning to London on half pay in 1763, Hunter started in practice as a surgeon in Golden Square, and soon formed a private class for anatomy and operative surgery; but owing to his ineffective delivery and exposition, his pupils never numbered more than twenty. He also took resident pupils. His studies in comparative and human anatomy and in surgery

he continued with indefatigable zeal. He obtained the refusal of all animals dying in the Tower menagerie and other collections, and in some cases bought rare animals, which he allowed to be exhibited on condition that he received the carcases at death. Sir Everard Home stated that as soon as he accumulated ten guineas by fees, Hunter always made some addition to his collection. On one occasion he borrowed five guineas from G. Nicol, the king's bookseller, to buy a dying tiger, (OTTLEY, p.29). In 1773 he began to lecture on the theory and practice of surgery, at first to his pupils and a few friends admitted gratuitously, but afterwards on payment of a fee of four guineas. In these lectures Hunter may be said to have first introduced into this country the idea of 'principles' of surgery, including a rational explanation of processes of repair and a scientific basis for operations. He never overcame his difficulty in lecturing, and at the beginning of each course he always composed himself by a draught of laudanum. Hunter devoted much of his spare time to completing his great work on 'The Blood, Inflammation, and Gun shot wounds,' which he did not live to publish. 'Early' in 1792, on the resignation of Charles Hawkins, Thomas Keate, then assistant to John Cunning (q.v.), the senior surgeon by a considerable majority in opposition to Home, who was Hunter's candidate. In person Hunter was of middle height, vigorous and robust, with high shoulders and rather short neck. His features were strongely marked with prominent eyebrows, Pyramidal forehead, and eyes of light blue or grey. His hair in youth was a reddish yellow, and in later years white. Hunter often rose at five or six to dissect, breakfasted at nine, saw patients till twelve, and visited his hospital and other outdoor patients till four. He was most punctual and orderly in his visits, leaving a duplicate of his visiting book at home, so that he could be found at any time. He dined at four. For many years he drank no wine and sat but a short time at table, except when he had company, slept for an hour after dinner then read or prepared his lectures, made experiments, and dictated the results of his dissections. His power of sustained and persevering industry was enormous. OTTLEY describes him as 'standing for hours, motionless as a statue, engaged that, with a pair of forceps in each hand, he was picking asunder the connecting fibres of some structure he was studying, and he was equally capable of absorption for hours in thought. He felt that although he was really a mere pigmy in knowlege, he was a giant compared with his contemporaries. He only valued money for the aid it gave to his researches. He never took fees from curates, authors or artists. His income which first reached 1,000l. in 1774 was 5000l. for some years later, and 6,000l. before his death. He often sent valuable patients to young men starting in practice, and gave promising men tickets for his lectures. His most notable surgical advance was in tying the artery above the seat of disease in aneurysm. But the general influence of his teaching and method of study was even more important. Sir James Paget and many others term him 'the founder of scientific surgery,' as having first studied and directed attention to the processes of disease and repair on which the practice of surgery is based, and having brought to this study a large knowlege of phsiology. He was a cautious rather than a brillant operator, and never used the knife when he could avoid it, holding that 'to perform an operation is to

mutilate a patient we cannot cure, and so an acknowledgment of th imperfection of our art.' He was very cautious in deductions from physiology, and in 'many of his writings on surgical practice there is hardly a sign that he was a great physiologist.' (PAGET). Hunter's works, and especially his posthumous papers, contain numerous psychological remarks, exhibiting much originality and shrewdness, without evidence of sustematic study. By his will Hunte left his parental estate, which Dr. Baillie had d... over to him to his son, and directed Earl's court to be sold, and the proceeds after payment of debts, to be divided to his widow and two children. His museum was to be first offered to the British government on reasonable terms, and if refused was to be sold to some foreign state, or in one lot by auction. In the condition of the national finances in 1793 Mr. Pitt showed no eagerness to buy it. To maintain his family while negotiations were in progress, his furniture, library, crystals, paintings, and objects of vertu wer sold. There are numerous translations and American editions of Hunter's works. Among contemporary criticisms of Hunter are: 'An Essay on the Bite of a Mad Dog, with Observations on John Hunter's Treatment of the case of Master R----,' by Jesse Foot the elder, 1788; 'Observations on the New Opinions of John Hunter,' etc., by Jesse Foot the elder; and John Thelwall's Essay toward a definition of Animal Vitality, in which the opinions of John ... er are examined,'1793,4to.

John Hunter: M.D., (d. 1809), physician, was born ... cthshire, and studied medicine at Edinburgh, where he gra... M.D. in 1775. His college thesis, 'De Hominum Varietatibus ... rum causis,' shows him to have had a good education as well as a ... for research and correct reasoning. It was republished in an En...sh translation by Bendyshe in 1865, as an appendix to Blumenbach's treatise on the same subject in the publications of the Anthropological Society. He was admitted a licentiate of the Colle of Physicians of London in 1777, and appointed physician to the army through the interest of Dr. Baker and Dr. Heberden. From 17 81 to 1783 he was superintendent of the military hospitals in Jamaica. On returning to England he settled in practice as a physician in London. In 1787 he contributed to the third volume of the 'Medical Transactions published by the College of ...sicians' (a work mainly supported by Heberden and Baker) three papers: one on the common occurrence of ...phus fever in the crowded and unventilated houses, of the poor in London, another ... two interesting observations in morbid anatomy, and a third on the cause of the 'dry belly-ache' of the tropics. In the last of these the discovery made by Baker two years earlier, that lead in the cider was the cau of Devonshire colic, was extended by Hunter to rum which had been distilled through a leaden worm, an observation of Benjamin Franklins being adduced in proof. In 1788 appeared his principal work 'Observations on the Diseases of the Army in Jamaica'(2nd. ed. 1796; 3rd. ed. 1808, with observations on the hepatitis of the E Indies'), which gives an amplified account of the 'dry belly-ache and deals with yellow fever and other diseases of the troops, as well as briefly with some of the more curious negro maladies; it was translated into German, Leipsic, 1792. He died 29 Jan. ... Hill Street, Berkeley Square, London.

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John Hunter: (1738-1821), vice-admiral and govenor of New South Wales, the son of a master in the merchant service, was born at Leith in September 1738. While a child accompanied his father in a northern voyage, and was wrecked on the coast of Norway. On his return he was sent to his uncle, Robert Hunter, a merchant at Lyme Regis, where he went to school. He was afterwards at school in Edinburgh, and studied for a short time at the university of Aberdeen, being intended for the church. He, however made up his mind to go to sea, and in May 1754 was entered on board the Grampus sloop. In 1757, he was serving in the Neptune in the expedition of Rochefort, and continuing in her through the cruise off Brest in 1758, was still in her at the reduction of Quebec in 1759, when she carried the flag of Sir Charles Saunders. In the summer of 1804, he was appointed to command the Venerable of 74 guns, one of the fleet off Brest under Cornwallis. On the evening of 24 Nov., as the fleet was getting under way from Torbay, a dense fog suddenly came on; the ships were in no order and had no knowledge of their position; twice the venerable was obliged to bear up to avoid a collision, and about 8 P.M. she struck on the cliff near Paignton, and soon afterwards bilged. A gale sprang up and the ship was evidently going to pieces, when, in answer to her guns of distress, the Impetueux anchored close to her, and with great difficulty, though with but little loss, succeeded in taking off her men. At daylight no trace of the ship was to be seen. Hunter was tried by court-martial and fully acquitted, it appearing by the evidence that it was only by astonishing good fortune that many other ships of the squadron had not shared the fate of the Venerable. He became rear-armiral on 2 Oct. 1807, and vice-admiral on 31 July 1810, but had no other service, and died in London on 13 March 1821.

John Hunter: LL.D. (1745-1837), classical scholar was born in the autumn of 1745 at Closeburn, Dumfriesshire, his father, is said, being a farmer there. Although left an orphan in boyhood, he received a good elementry education before entering Edinburgh University, where he was a distinguished student, although supporting himself largely by private teaching. His scholarship attracted the attention of Lord Monboddo, who employed him as his private secretary for several years after he left college. In 1796, he published at St. Andrews a complete edition of Sallust, and in 1797 an edition of Horace, which he reissued in 1813 in two volumes. In 1809 he published Caesar's De Bello Gallico et Civili Commentarii' ((2 vols.), and in 1810 he sent out in similar form his 'Virgil,' first edited in 1797. He edited in 1820 Ruddiman's Latin Rudiments, adding a scholarly and logical disquisition on the 'Moods and Tenses of the Greek and Latin Verb.' Hunter helped in municipal work at St. Andrews, and to him was largely due the introduction of the Pipeland water supply, which is still serviceable. He was an accomplished horticulturist, and a potato called after him the 'Hunter kidney' was long a favourite in Scotland.

John Kelso Hunter: (1802-1873), artist and cobbler, second son of one Hunter of Chirnside who removed to Ayrshire in 1799, and died there about 1810, was born at Dunkeith, Ayrshire, on 15 Dec. 1802, and was for some time employed as a herd-boy. He was the

apprenticed to a shoemaker, and on the expiration of his indentures settled at Kilmarnock in the pursuit of his calling. He afterwards taught himself portrait-painting attained to a respectable position as an artist, and removed to Glasgow, where he was employed alternately as an artist, and a shoemaker. In 1847 he exhibited a portrait of himself as a cobbler at the Royal Academy London. In 1868 he published his first book, 'The Retrospect of an Artist's Life.' Hunter was known for his sturdy independance and had a wide circle of friends. He died at Pollokshields, near Glasgow, on Feb. 3, 1873.

Joseph Hunter: (1783-1861), antiquary, was born at Sheffield on 3 February 1783, being the son of Michael Hunter, who was engaged in the cutlery business. His mother dying while he was quite young, he was placed under the guardship of Joseph Evans, a presbyterian minister, who sent him to school near Sheffield, where he received the rudiments of a classical education , while he devoted all his spare time to antiquarian studies and to the collection of church notes, filling many volumes, still in existence, with copies of monumental inscriptions, coats of arms, and the like. He was removed in 1809 to a college at York, where he studied for the Presbyterian ministry under the Rev. Charles Wellbeloved. In 1809 he became minister of a presbyterian congregation at Bath, where he resided for twenty four years. He married in 1815 Mary, daughter of Francis Hayward, M.D., Bath; by her (who died in 1840) he had six children, of whom three sons and a daughter survived him. His principal works are: 1. Four sermons printed between 1811 and 1819, and other writings on religious subjects. 2. 'Who wrote Cavenish's Life of Wolsey? A Dissertation,' London, 1814, 4to. 3. 'Hallamshire. The History and Topography of the Parish of Sheffield in the County of York. With Historical and Descriptive Notices of the Parishes of Ecclesfield, Hansworth, Treeton, and Whiston, and of the Chapelry of Bradfield,' London; 1819, folio; new and enlarged edition by the Rev. Alfred Gatty, London, 1869, folio. 4. 'Golden Sentences. A manual that may be used by all who desire to be moral and Religious,' Bath, 12mo. compiled from the works of Bishop Hall, Fuller, Sir Thomas Browne, Whilcote, and Richard Lucas, of whom brief biographies are given. Composer of many other miscellaneous books.

Sir Martin Hunter: (1757-1846), general, second son and heir of Cuthbert Hunter of Medonsley, Durham, by his wife Anne, daughter of the Rev. John Nixon of Haltwhistle, Northumberland, was born in 1757. On August 30, 1771 he was appointed ensign in the 52nd. foot, in which he became lieutenant 18 June 1775, captain 21 Nov. 1777, and major 30 October, 1790. He was with his regiment at Bunker's Hill, and in Boston when blockaded by Washington, and made the campaigns of 1776-8, including the battles of Long Island and Brandywine, the storming of Fort Washington, the surprise of Wayne's brigade, and other affairs. Hunter married on September 13th. 1797, Jean, daughter and heiress of James Dickson of St. Anton's Hill, Berwickshire; she died in 1845, leaving a large family. At his death which, which took place at his seat, St. Anton Hill on Dec. 1846, at the age of 90, he was said to be the last survivor of the offices present at the battle of Bunker's HillJune 17, 1775.

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Rachel Hunter: (1754-1813), novelist born in London about 1754, married an English merchant resident in Lisbon, but after ten years of married life her husband died, and Mrs. Hunter returned to England. She took up her abode in Norwich either 1794 or 1795, and devoted herself henceforth to literary pursuits. She died at Norwich in 1813. She wrote a series of childish novels, characterised by a 'strictly moral tendency'.

Robert Hunter: (d.1734), governor of New York and Jamaica, belonged to the family of Hunter of Hunterstin, Ayrshire (See Burke, Landed Gentry,1886ed.) Paterson describes him as one of thechildren of James Hubter, who was a son of the laird of that ilk, and married Margaret, daughter of the Rev. John Spalding of Dreghorn. 'It appears probable that Hunter was the Robert Hunter, esquire,' appointed mayor of Brigadier-general Charles Ross's dragoons (5th. royal Irish Dragoons) on 13 April, 1698. Hunter was appointed govenor of New York, and sailed with the refugees early in 1710. In November of the same year he reported that the refugees were settled on the banks of the Hudson, close to the great pine woods, and that 15,000l. a year for the next two years was all that was needed for the success of the great project. He promised that the colonies would supply tar enough for the English Navy forever if sufficient hands were employed. Orphans, he wrote, had been made over to those who would maintain and educate them. Each person's account was kept separate, as they would have to repay by their labour what they then received. He prophesied that their numbers would increase, as they were very healthy. He died in Jamaica on 31 March, 1734. By his will, proved in November 1734, he left considerable property at Chertsey (including the patronage of the living) to his son Thomas Orby Hunter (d. 1769), M.P. for Winchilsea, from whom descended the family of Orby-Hunter (on condition of his not contracting a certain marriage), together with 5,000l. to his daughter Katherine, wife of William Sloper, and fortunes to his daughters Henrietta and Charlotte. He also mentions a debt of 21,000l. due from the crown for the subsistence of the colonists of the palatine in New York, which 'had been acknowledged by Mr. Harvey and the treasury, but never paid'. Hunter became a member of the Spalding Society in 172[illegible]. Most biographers, relying on Swift, describe Hunter as the author of the 'Letter concerning Enthusiasm,' which was written by Shaftesbury, and of which the original is in the 'Shaftesbury Papers' in the Public Record Office.

Robert Hunter:(fl. 1750-1780), portrait painter, a native of Ulster, studied under the elder Pope, and had a considerable practice in Dublin about the middle of the eighteenth century. He modelled his tone of colouring on the painting of old masters. His portraits were excellent likenesses, if not of the first rank in painting. He had an extensive practice until the arrival of Robert Home in 1780, who attracted the leaders of fashion. Hunter took a prominent part in the foundation of the Dublin Society of Artists, and was a frequent contributor to their exhibitions in Dublin. Many of his portraits were engraved in mezzotint, including John, lord Nass, Simon, earl Harcourt, now at Nuneham Park Dr. Samuel Madden, John Wesley, painted in Dublin, and others.

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Samuel Hunter: (1769-1839, editor of the 'Glasgow Herald', born in 1769, was son of John Hunter(1716 -1781), parish minister of Stoneykirk, Wigtownshire. Receiving his elementry education in his native place, he qualified as a surgeon in Glasgow University, and for a time, about the end of the century, practised his profession in Ireland. Somewhat later he acted as captain in the north lowland fencibles, and settled in Glasgow, where his geniality and strong common sense speedily made him popular. On 10 January 1803 he was announced as part proprietor and conductor of the 'Glasgow Herald and Advertiser,' to which he largely devoted himself for the following thirty-four years. He died 9 June, 1839 when visiting his nephew, Archibald Blair Campbell, D.D., parish minister of Kilwinning, Ayrshire. He was buried in Kilwinning, churchyard.

Thomas Hunter: (1666-1725), jesuit, born in Northumberland on 6 June 1666, made his humanity studies in the college of the English jesuits at St. Omer; entered the society in 1684; was appointed professor of logic and philosophy at Liege, and was professed of the four vows 2 Feb. 1701-1702. Hebecame chaplain to the Sherburne family at Stonyhurst, Lancashire, in 1704. Composer of miscellaneous books. Died 21 Feb., 1724-5.

Thomas Hunter:(1712-1777), author,eldest son of William Hunter, born at Kendal, Westmoreland, and baptised there on 30 March 1712, was educated at the Kendal grammar school, and matriculated at Queen's College, Oxford, on 2 July 1734. In 1737, he was elected master of the Blackburn grammar school, and was subsequently appointed curate of Balderstone, Lancashire. Composer of many books. He left Blackburn in 1750, on being appointed vicar of Garstang, Lancashire, and was preferred on 18 April 1755 to the vicarage of Weaverham, Cheshire, where he died on 1 Sept. 1777.

William Hunter: (1718-1783), anatomist seventh of ten children of John and Agnes Hunter, and elder brother of John Hunter (1728-1793), was born at Long Calderwood, East Kilbride, Lanarkshire, on 23 May, 1718. At the age of fourteen he was sent to Glasgow University, where he remained for five years. He was intended by his father for the Scottish Church, but becoming averse to subscribing the articles, he took the advice of William Cullen (1710-1790), then practicing at Hamilton, and decided to enter the medical profession. On 24 October 1750 he obtained the degree of M.D. from Glasgow University, and about this time he left Mrs. Douglas' family and settled as a physician in Jermyn Street. He then applied to be disfranchised by the Surgeon's Corporation, but in 1758 paid the surgeons a fine of 20l. for having joined the College of Physicians without their previous consent. Hunter now became the leading obstetrician, and was consulted in 1762 by Queen Charlotte, to whom he was appointed physician extraordinary in 1764. In 1780 he was elected a foreign associate of the Royal Medical Society of Paris, and in 1782 of the Academy of Sciences of Paris. On March 20, 1783, notwithstanding severe illness for several days and the dissuasions of friends, he gave his introductory lecture on the operations of surgery, but fainted near to close, and had to be carried to bed. During his subsequent illness he said to

friend Charles Combe (1743-1817), 'If I had strength enough to hold a pen, I would write how easy and pleasant a thing it is to die.' He died on 30 March 1783, aged 64, and was buried at St. James's, Piccadily, in the rector's vault. He was unmarried. Hunter was slender, but well made, and his face was refined and pleasing, with very bright eyes. His mode of life was very frugal. He was an early riser and constant worker. He had a good memory quick perception, sound judgment, and great precision. As an anatomical lecturer he was admirably clear in exposition, and very attractive by reason of his stores, of apposite anecdotes. In medical practice he was cautious in making advances. Hunter deserves much credit for good work in demonstrating the course of the lymphatics and their absorbing powers. In reference the controversy with the Monros, by A. Monro secundus, Edinburgh, 1758. As a collector of coins, medals, etc., Hunter showed considerable judgment and great acquisitiveness. He secured from Matthew Duane the valuable series of Roman medals, Roman gold and Greek royal and civic coins and medals, which had been part of Philip Carteret Webb's collection. They included a noble series of Carausius and Allectus. He also acquired Thomas Simon's, and duplicates from Flores's collection through Francis Carter. Composer of miscellaneous books. Several volumes of Hunter's lectures, in manuscript, are in the library of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society.

William Hunter; M.D., (1755-1812), orientalist, was born at Montrose in 1755, and was educated at the Marischal College and university at Aberdeen, where he took the degree of M.A. in 1777. He began his career with mechanical contrivances, and an improvement of the screw invented by him was dignified by notice in the 'Philosophical Transactions' in 1780, After serving as apprentice to a surgeon for four years, he became doctor on board East Indiaman; but, on his arrival in India in 1781, was transferred to the company's service. In July 1782 he was medical officer on board the success galley, which was employed to convey reinforcements from Bengal to the Carnatic. The ship was dismasted by a storm, and obliged to put into the river Syriam in Pegu, where it was detained for a month. On 1 Nov. 1805 he succeeded Rothman as secretary of the college, a post which he retained until his resignation in 1811. In 1808, being then surgeon at the general hospital of Bengal, he received the degree of M.D. from a Scottish university. Hunter was a foreign member of the Medical Society of London, and an honorary member of the Academical Society of Sciences of Paris. He contributed to the Asiatic Researches' a number of scientific articles, chiefly botanical and astronomical. The latter comprise the results of his own observations and an 'Account of the Labours of Jayasimha,' the celebrated Hindu astronomer, with a detailed account of his observatory at Delhi. Hunter also contributed to the 'Memoirs' of the Medical Society, a history of an Aneurism of the Aorta; and to the ' Transactions' of the Linnean Society, a paper 'On Naucela Gambir, on the plant producing the drug called Gutta Gambier.

(E) PROMINENT BRITISH HUNTERS OF TODAY. (Ref. 28).

HUNTER, HON. LORD WILLIAM HUNTER: M.A., LL.B.; Senator of the College of Justice in Scotland since 1911; b. Oct. 1865; s. of late David Hunter of Ayr, Advocate, 1837; M.P. (L.), Govan Division of Lanarks., 1910-11; K.C. 1903; Solicitor-General for Scotland, 1910-1911; Address: 3 Randolph Crescent, Edinburgh.

Rev. Archer George Hunter: M.A.; Hon. Canon of Winchester since 1897; Rural Dean of Leatherhead, 1905-25; Commissary to Bishop of Grahamstown; b. Nov. 12,1850, s. of Richard and Caroline Hunter; m. 1881; one s. two d. Educ.: Marlborough Trinity College, Cambridge; Cuddesdon. Curate of Beddington, 1874-77; St. Michael's Camden Town, 1877-81; Vicar of Christ Church, Epsom, 1881-1912. Recreation: Walking. Address; The Larchwood, Ashtead, Surrey.

Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter: G.C.B., cr. 1911; K.C.B., cr. 1898; G.C.V.O., cr. 1912; D.S.O., 1886; M.P. (C.U.) Lancaster 1918-22; LL.D. Glasgow and Cambridge Universities; D.L.; b. Sept. 1856; Educ: Glasgow Academy; Sandhurst. Joines 4th. King's Own Royal Lancaster, 1874; Capt. 1882; Lt.-Col. 1889; Col. 1894; Major-General, 1896; served in Egypt under Sir Francis Grenfell; wounded severely, battle of Giniss, 1885; also wounded slightly, battle of Toski, 1889; Maj.-Gen. on special service in Egypt; Govenor of Dongola Province and Commandant Frontier Field Force, 1895-99; Governor of Omdurman, 1899; Egyptian medal and other orders; Commanded 1st. Class District in India to 1899; Lieut.-Gen. on Staff, commanded 10th Division, South Africa, 1900-1 (despatches twice, promoted Lieut.-General); commanded in Scotland 1901-3; Western Army Corps, India, 1904-7; Commanded Southern Army, Indian Army, 1907-9; Governor and Commander-in-chief, Gibraltar, 1910-13; G.O.C. 13th. (Western) Division, 1914; Commanding 3rd. Army, 1914; Col. King's own Lancaster Regiment; retired pay, 1920. Address: 11 Upper Grosvenor Street, W.I. T.: Grosvenor 1471. Clubs: Carlton, Royal Automobile, Marlborough; New Edinburgh.

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HUNTER, LT.-COL. CHARLES FINLAYSON: D.S.O. 1916; late 4th. Dragoon Guards; b. 1880; y. s. of James Hunter of Glenapp, Ballantrae, Ayrshire; Educ.: Repton. Joined 4th. Dragoon Guards, 1899; Adjutant Pembroke Yeomanry, 1905-9; Served European War with 4th. Dragoon Guards, 1914-18; D. A. A. G. Headquarters I.E.C., 1916, (despatches 4 times) Legion D'Honneur, D.S.O., Bt. Lt. Col; D.A.A.G. H.Q.L. of C.; A.A.G. Fifth Army, 1916-17; A.Q.M.G. British Mission, French G.Q.G. 1917-18; retired pay, 1924. Recreation: Polo. Clubs: Army and Navy, Ranelagh, Roehampton.

Brig.-Gen. Charles George Woodburn Hunter: C.M.G. 1918; D.S.O. 1915; late R.E.; b. Dec. 21, 1871; Entered Army, 1890; Captain, 1901; Major 1910; special service China, 1900; Somaliland Field Force, 1903-4; General Staff Officer, 3rd. Grade, Headquarters, 1904-9; served Tirah, 1897-98 (medal with clasp); China, 1900 (despatches, medal); Somaliland, 1903-4 (medal 2 clasps); European War 1914-18 (despatches five times, Bt. Lt.-Col. and Col., D.S.O., for Neuve Chapelle, C.M.G., French Legion of Honour, Serbian White Eagle): retired, 1923. Club: Junior United Service.

Admiral Cuthbert Hunter: b. 10 March 1866; y.s. of late J.J. Hunter of The Grange, Whickham, Co. Durham; Educ. Eastman's; H.M.S. Britannia. Joined as Naval Cadet 1879; passed out of H.M.S. Britannia as Midshipman, and 1st. of the term; Lieut., 1887; served as Gunnery Lieutenant on staff of H.M.S. Excellent; Commander, 1900; Captain, 1905; last Command afloat H.M.S. Hampshire; Vice President of the Ordnance Committee, which he relinquished on promotion to Rear-Admiral, 3 April 1917, retired Apr. 17, 1917; Adm. 1925. Ad: 6 Vanbrugh Terrace, Blackheath, S.E.3. T.: Greenwich 1292. Clubs: Royal Thames Yacht, Royal Naval, Portsmouth.

(E).

HUNTER, CANON EDWARD THOMAS GURNEY HUNTER: M.A. ; Hon. C.F.; Surrogate of Diocese of Bradford; Rector of Keighley since 1918; Member of Missionary Council Education Committee since 1924; Hon. Canon of Bradford, 1926; b. July 20, 1880; s. of Capt. James Edward Hunter, R.N., J.P.; Educ: St. Paul's School; Trinity College, Oxford; Oxford House, Bethnal Green. Curate of St. Marks, St. Helens, Lancs., 1904-11; Vicar of Crakehall, Yorks., 1911-19; Temporary C.F., 1915-19. Publication: Thoughts on the Invisible. Recreations: cricket, tennis, golf, motoring, fishing. Ad: Keighley Rectory, Yorks, T.: Keighley 262. M.: XL 8186.

Sir George Hunter: Kt. cr. 1921; M.P. Waipawa, 1897-99 and since 1911; b. Wellington, 1860; e.s. of George Hunter and Margaret Paul; Educ: Brams Private School. Member County Council, 33 years; 35 years chairman Wallingford R.B.; 37 years Chairman Porangahou Road Board. Ad: Porangahou Hawkes Bay, New Zealand. M.: 1160. Clubs: Wellington; Hawkes Bay; Waipawa; Waipukurau; Ruahine.

Sir George Burton Hunter: K.B.E., cr. 1918; D. Sc., J.P., M.C.I.N.A., M.I.C.E.; Chairman of Swan, Hunter and Wingham Richardson Ltd., Shipbuilders and Engineers, Wallsend-on-Tyne, and connected with several other shipbuilding and engineering companies; Director of Newcastle - upon- Tyne Electric Supply Co., Ltd.; Barclay, Curle & Co., Ltd., Glasgow; Wallsend Slipway and Engineering Co. Ltd., Wallsend; b. Sunderland, 19 Dec. 1845; Educ: privately Served apprenticeship with W. Pile Hay & Co., shipbuilders Sunderland, and afterwards two years with R. Napier & Sons, Glasgow: founded with S.P. Austin the shipbuilding firm of S.P. Austin and Hunter, 1874; in 1880 this partnership dissolved, and he became principal partner in C.S. Swan and Hunter, Wallsend-on-Tyne, now Swan, Hunter and Wigham Richardson, Ltd., pioneered in erecting large glazed sheds with electric cranes over shipbuilding ships. Recreation: change of employment. Address: The Willows, Jesmond, Newcastle-on-Tyne. T.A.: Hunter, The Willows, Newcastle-on-Tyne. T.: Jesmond 27. M.; X2816, B B 8572.

HUNTER, BRIG.*GEN. GEORGE GILLETT: C.B. 1916; C.M.G. 1912. b. 25 Dec. 1864; s. of Archibald Hunter, merchant, London; Educ: Loretto School; Sandhurst, Entered The Bluffs, 1885; Egyptian Army, 1888; Coast guard Administration, Egypt, 1906; Military Administrator, Frontier Districts Administration, 1917-21. Recreations: General. Ad: Hartley Wintney, Basingstoke, Hants.

Honorable Gordon Hunter: Chief Justice, Supreme Court British Columbia since 1902; b. 4 May 1863; Education: Brantford College Institute; Toronto University. Barrister, 1888; K.C. 1900. Ad: Victoria, British Columbia. Clubs: Union, Victoria: Vancouver, Vancouver.

Henry Charles Vicars Hunter: J.P.; b. 1861; o.s. of Henry Frotheringham Hunter of Kilbourne Hall, Derby, and Hariette Anne, d. of Edward Dowker of Laysthorpe, Yorkshire; Educ: Charterhouse; Christ Church, Oxford. Spent ten years big-game shooting. Recreations: shooting and fishing. Address: Abermarlais Park, LLangadock, Carmartenshire. T.A.: LLangadock. T.: LLangadock 16. Club: White's.

Bt. Lt.-Col. Henry Noel Alexander Hunter, D.S.O. 1918, the Queen's Regt.; b. 1881; Educ: Temple Grove; Haileybury College. Served South African War, 1899-1902 (Queen's medal and three clasps, King's medal and two clasps): European War, 1914-18 (despatches, D.S.O., Bt. Lt.-Col.). Ad: The Queen's Royal Regiment, c/o Lloyd's Bank, 6 Pall Mall, S.W. 1.

James Blake Hunter: B.A.; Deputy-Minister of Public Works of Canada since 1908; b. Watertown, Ont. 31 Aug. 1876; s. of D.H. Hunter; B.A., Principal, Woodstock, Ont. Collegiate Institute, and Eunice, d. of J.B. Kitchen, J.P. of St. George, Ont.; Educ: Woodstock, Ont. public schools; Woodstock Collegiate Institute and Totonto University; B.A. Honour graduate in Modern Languages and History. Engaged in newspaper work for a short time on the Sentinel Review, Woodstock, Ont.; then entered Canadian Civil Service in 1900 as Private Secretary to Hon. James Sutherland, Minister of Marine and Fisheries; transferred in 1902 to Department of Public Works as Second-Class Clerk; promoted successively to First Class Clerk; Chief Clerk, Assistant Deputy-Minister. Recreations: golf, tennis, and motoring. Ad: 552 M'Laren Street, Ottawa, Ont. T.A. Ottawa, Ont. T.: Queen 1575, Clubs: Rideau, Royal Ottawa Golf, Rivermead Golf, Ottawa.

Sir John Hunter: K.B.E., cr. 1917; Director Iron Trad Employer's Insurance Association, Ltd.; London and Glasgow; Chairman, The River, Bolt, and Nut Co., Ltd., Glasgow; Chairman and Director, North-West Rivet, Bolt, and Nut Factory, Ltd., Airdrie; Chairman Wylie and Lochhead, Ltd., Glasgow; Chairman of Sir William Arrol & Co., Ltd., Engineers and Contractors, Glasgow; Chairman of Sir William Arrol & Co. (Swansea) Ltd., Swansea; Chairman, Casebourne and Co. Ltd.; Director Power and Traction Finance Co. Ltd.; J.P. County of Glasgow; b. 8 Nov. 1863; Educ: High School Montreal. Commander of the Legion of Honour; Commander of the Order of Leopold; Commander of the Order of the Crown of Italy; Hon of the Order of St. Anne, with Diamonds. Ad: 3 Kirklee Road Glasgow, W.T.: Western 889. Clubs: Junior Carlton, St. Stephen's Ranelagh; New, Glasgow.

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HUNTER SIR JOHN HERBERT: Kt. cr. 1925; Member of the L.C.C. since 1907; Vice chairman, 1912-13; Chairman 19 25 ; b. 7 March 1864; s. of late John Humphrey Hunter; Educ: Privately, J.P. County of London since 1913; Chairman of Junior Constitutional Club; Chairman North Paddington Conservative Association. Ad: 12 Westbourne Crescent, Hyde Park, W.2, T.: Paddington 4558; Kensington 749. Club: Junior Constitutional.

Hon. John McEwan Hunter: Agent-General for Queensland 1919-22. Ad: Roma, Brisbane, Australia.

Sir John Mark Somers Hunter: Kt., cr. 1923; M.A. ; D. Lit.; formerly Director of Public Instruction, Burma b. 1865; s. of late Rev. Joseph William Hunter, formerly Rector of Chiddingfold, Surrey, and Jessie Collymore Hunter; m. 1896 Isabella Mary, d. of late Richard Laffan, J.P., of Cloverfield, Co. Limerick; one d. Educ: Denstone College, Staffs.: St. Edmund Hall, Oxford, Indian Educational Service; formerly Professor of English, the Presidency College, Madras etc. Publications: Miscellaneous educational publications. Recreation: golf. Ad: 52 Sydney Street, Chelsea, S.W.3, Club: East India United Service.

HUNTER, REV. CANON LESLIE STANNARD: M.A.; Vicar of Barking, Essex, since 1926; b. 1890; yr. s. of late Rev. John Hunter, D.D., Minister of the King's Weigh House Church, London and Trinity Church, Glasgow, and Marion Martin; Educ: Kelvinside Academy; New College, Oxford; 2nd. Class Hons. in Theology; President of the Oxford University Lawn Tennis Club, 1911-12. Assistant Secretary of the Student Christian Movement of Great Britian and Ireland, 1913-20; Curate of St. Peter's Brockley, S.E., 1915-18; served with Y.M.C.A., B.E.F., 1916, and the Army of Occupation, 1919; Member of the Army and Religion Inquiry Commission, 1917.- 191 Assistant Curate of St. Martin-in-the-Fields and Chaplain of Charing Cross Hospital, London, 1921-22; Residentiary Canon of New castle-on-Tyne, 1922-26; member of the New-Castle-on Tyne Education Committee, 1924-26. Publications: The Artist and Religion, 1915; John Hunter D.D.: a Lige, 1921. Recreations: lawn tennis, music walking. Ad: The Vicarage, Barking Essex. Club: Union New-castle-on-Tyne.

Matthew Hunter: C.I.E. 1916; Indian Educational Service (retired); s. of late William Hunter, Conside, Settle, Yorkshire: unmarried. Educ: Giggleswick School and Heidelberg University; Queen's College, Oxford; Strasburg University; Honours, Final School of Natural Science; Burdett-Coutts University Scholarship in Geology; M.A. 1890. Lecturer in chemistry and Physics, Rangoon College, 1890-1905; Acting Principal Rangoon College, 1905, and 1909-11; Principal, Rangoon College, (now University College), Rangoon, 1[illegible]. Recreation: lawn tennis. Ad: 28 West Bourne Park Villas, W.2. Club: Savile.

Philip Vassar Hunter: C.B.E., M.I.E.E.: Electrical Engineer; Joint Manager of Callender's Cable and Construction Co., Ltd.: b. 1883; s. of J. Hunter of Emneth Hunter Norfolk; m. 1904, Helen Maud, d. of Charles Golder, Finchley; two d. Educ: Wisbech Grammar School; Faraday House. Pupil to Willans and Robinson, Ltd., Rogby; Gordon Briant, M.I.E.E., Electrical Engineer to the Great Yarmouth Corp; and E.T. Ruthven Murray, M.I.E.E., Electrical Engineer to Willesden U.D.C.; Ass't. Eng. to the late Robert Hammond, M.I.E.E.. 1903-4; with Merz & McLellan, Consulting Engineers, 1904-19 (from 1909 as head of Electrical Department); since 1919 with Callender's Cable and Construction Co.; during war engineer Director to the Experiments and Research Section of the Anti-submarine Division of the Naval Staff dealing with new methods of submarine-location and destruction; Member of the Council of the I.E.E.; past Chairman N. E. Centre L.E.E. 1914-15; on Committees of B.E.S.A., B.E. & A.L. Research Ass'n, and International Electro-technical Comm.; has devoted special attent to the development of electrical transmission. Publications: Various Papers and addresses to the I.E.E. on transmission matters. Recreations: golf and shooting. Ad: 102 Foxley Lane Purley, Surrey; Hamilton House, Victoria Embankment, E.C. 4. E.C.4, T.:Purley 247; Holborn 1910. M.: BY7476. Clubs: St. Stephen's Engineers.

HUNTER, MAJOR RICHARD DEVAS: D.S.O. 1919 late The Camerońians; y. s. of Robert Dewin Hunter of Lincolń's Inn; m, 1918 Vixen, d. of Harry Lomas; one s. Served European War (D.S.O. and bar, despatches thrice, Ordre de Leopold avec Croix de Guerre). Ad: 39 South Street W.1. Club: Naval and Military.

Summers Hunter; C.B.E. 1918; J.P., M. Inst. C.E., etc.; Chairman and Managing Director, The North-Eastern Marine Engineering Co., Ltd., Wallsend-on-Tyne and Sunderland; b. 12 July 1856; s. of John Ranson Hunter and Mary Isabella Cunliffe Hunter; Educ: Royal Academy, Inverness; privately; Wedgwood Institute, Burselem. Apprenticed to Barker & Cope, General Engineers at Kidsgrove Stoke-on-Trent; Joined the fi[rm] of the Northeastern Marine Eng. Co., Ltd., at their Dunser[ley] land works, 1880; after a short time in the shops, went to s[ea] for two years, taking his Chief Engineers Certificate, after which he was appointed on the Staff of the North-Eastern Marine Eng. Co. at their Wallsend works; General Manager, [1] took an active part in the Volunteer Movement, being instr[u]mental in forming two companies in Wallsend; held the ran[k] of Capatain in one of the Battalions of the Northumberl[and] Fusiliers; during the war held appointments on various [Govern]ment Committies, including the Board of Trade Shipping [and] Ship-building Comm. The Tyne and Wear Board Management [of] Ministry of Munitions for shell production; Vice Pres., [Insti]tution of Naval Architects. Recreations: Fishing, golfing, shooting, walking. Ad: 1 Monor Terrace, Tynemouth.

Lt. Col. Thomas Hunter: C.I.E. 1923; I.M.S.; Civil Surgeon, Lucknow, India; Professor of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, University of Lucknow; b. 1873; s. of Thomas Hunter, Kilmarnock; m. Jessie Catanach, d. of Adam A. Haig, Innerleithen; two s. three d. Educ: Kilmarnock Academy; Glasgow University; M.A. 1892; B. Sc. (1st. Hins.) 1895; M.B., Ch. B. (1st. Hons.) 1897; M.D. 1907. Entered I.M.S. 1898; Capt. 1891; Major 1910; Lt. Col. 1918; Served with China Expeditionary Force, 1900-1; Civil Surgeon United Provinces since 1902. Ad: Chelston, Beckenham, Kent; T.: Ravensbourne 993; 24 Outram Road, Lucknow, India; T.:30. Clubs: East India United Service; United Service, Lucknow; Naini Tal, Agra.

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HUNTER, THOMAS: M.P. (S. Fein), N.E. Cork, Dec. 1918-22. Dail for East and Northeast Co. Cork, 1921-22. Ad: Castletown-roche Co. Cork.

Thomas Alexander Hunter: M.A., M.Sc.; Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy, Victoria College, University of New Zealand, since 1909; b. Croydon, London, 1876; 3rd. s. of William Hunter, banker; Educ: Otago Univ. Dunedi Senior Scholar N.Z. University, and M.A. with 1st. class Honours in Mental and Moral Philosophy; M.Sc. Senior House Master, Wailaki Boy's High School; Lecturer on Mental and Moral Philosophy and Economics, Victoria University College 1904; Professor of Philosophy and Economics, 1907: Chairman of the Professorial Board, 1911-12. Recreation: golf. Ad: Victoria University College, Wellington New Zealand.

Walter King Hunter, M.D., D. Sc., F.R.F.P.S.G.; Muirhead Professor of Medicine, University of Glasgow; Physician Glasgow Royal Infirmary; Consulting Physician Glasgow Royal Mental Hospital; Major R.A.M.C. (T.F.) (retired); late President, Royal Medico Chirurgical Society of Glasgow; b. Glasgow, 1867; s. of late William Hunter, merchant Glasgow; unmarried. Educ: Glasgow Academy; Glasgow Universi ; Kings College, London; Paris. Publications: Recent Advances in Haematology, 1911; Acute Degenerative Changes in the Nervous System, as illustrated by Snake-venom Poisoning, in Proceedings of the Royal Society of Medicine, 1910; Certai Chronic Glandular Enlargements, Lancet, 1912; and many ot papers. Recreations: golf, fishing, yachting; Ad: 7 No Place, Glasgow. T.: Douglas 1533. Clubs: Art, Western, gow.

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HUNTER WILLIAM: C.B. 1916; M.D. (Gold Medallist) C.M. (Edin.), F.R.C.P. (Lond.) F.R.S.E., Colonel A.M.S.; Consulting Physician to Eastern Command; Late Senior Physician, London Fever Hospital; Consulting Physician Charing Cross Hospital; Dean of Medical School, 1910-15; b. 1 June 1861; s. of the late Robert Hunter of Birkenhead; Educ: Edinburgh University; University of Leipsic; Vienna; Strasburg, Ettles Scholar, Edin. University, 1883; Research Student of Cambridge University, 1887-90; Arris and Gale Lecturer, Royal College of Surgeons, England, 1889-90; Examiner in Medicine, University of Glasgow, 1900-4, Royal Colle of Physicians, London, 1917-21, University of Cambridge; President of Medical Advisory Committee, Eastern Mediterrane and Mesopotamia (Egypt, Gallipoli, Salonica, and Malta), 191 - 17 (despatches, C.B.); Colonel in charge of British Military Sanitary Mission to Serbia, 1915; Grand Officer Order of St. Sava, Serbia. Publications: Treatment of Anaemia, 1907; Physiology and Pathology of Blood Destruction, 1892; Pernicious Anaemia and other severe Anaemias, 1890-1922; Jaundice amd Liver Diseases, 1898; Medical Sepsis and Septic Diseases, 1900; Scarlet Fever, 1906; Great Serbian Epidemic of Typhus, 1919; Prevention of Typhus and other diseases in Eastern War Areas; History of Charing Cross Hospotal and Medical School 1914; Nervous Disorders in Anaemias, 1922. Recreation: golf. Ad: 103 Harley Street, W.1. T.: Paddington 1979. Club Savile.

Sir W.B. Hughes Hunter:

Major General Woodburn Hunter: R.A.; b. 24 May 1844; s. of Lieut-Col. Charles Hunter, Bombay Army; m. Marion, d. of Major General James Morris, of the Bombay Army, 1870; two s. two d. Educ.: Brighton Coll.; Cheltenham Coll. Entered Royal Artillery, 1865; Capt. 1877; Major 1884; Brevet Lieut. Col. 1885; Col. 1889; Major General 1898; retired, 1902; Colonel Commandant R.A., 1911; Served Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (despatches, brevet of Lieut.-Col., medal with clasp, and Khedive's Star). Recreations: golf, bicycling, lawn tennis.

(F) AMERICAN HUNTERS OF ROYAL DESCENT.

See Reference 24.

A200 ROLLO, the Dane, Duke of Normandy, A. D. 912. Married Lady Poppa, daughter of Berengarius, Count of Bayeaux,
A201 WILLIAM THE LONGSWORD, second Duke of Normandy.
A202 RICHARD I., Third Duke of Normandy, Married a daughter of a Danish Knight.
A203 GODFREY, County of Eu and Brion.
A204 RICHARD FITZ GILBERT DE TONEBRIDGE, who accompanied William, Duke of Normandy, to England, and was created Earl of Clare, and made Justiciary of England, Died 109[illegible]
A205 GILBERT, Second Earl of Clare, married Lady Adeliza relative to Hugh Capet, King of France
A206 LADY ADELIZA DE CLARE, married Alberic, second Baron de Vere, appointed by Henry 1. Great High Chamberlain of England
A207 ALBERIC, third Baron de Vere, created in 1135, Earl of Oxford, second Great High Chamberlain
A208 ROBERT, fifth Baron de Vere, third Earl of Oxford, one of the twenty-five Magna Charta Barons
A209 HUGH DE VERE, fourth Earl of Oxford, Great High Chamberla[illegible]
A210 ROBERT DE VERE, fifth Earl of Oxford, married Lady Anne[illegible]
A211 ALPHONSO DE VERE, second son
A212 JOHN DE VERE, seventh Earl of Oxford, a renowned soldier killed at Rheims
A213 AUBREY DE VERE, second son (uncle of Robert, ninth Earl of Oxford, and Duke of Dublin, declared a traitor to King Richard, and outlawed and attainted, died in exile 1292.
A214 RICHARD DE VERE, eleventh Earl of Oxford, died 1417
A215 HON. ROBERT DE VERE, second son
A216 HON. JOHN DE VERE,
A217 SIR JOHN DE VERE, K.G., who succeeded fifteenth Earl of oxford.
A218 LADY ANNE DE VERE, married Edmund Sheffield, Esq., created Lord Sheffield of Butterwicke, in 1547, killed in battle, 1548-49.
A219 JOHN, second Lord Sheffield
A220 SIR EDMUND, third Lord Sheffield, K.G., a celebrated naval officer, made Knight of the Carter, and in 1626 created Earl of Mulgrave
A221 HON. SIR JOHN SHEFFIELD, eldest son
A222 LADY FRANCES SHEFFIELD, married Sir Philip Fairfax, Knt.
A223 SIR WILLIAM FAIRFAX, of Stenton
A224 LADY ISABELLA FAIRFAX, (sister of Major-General Thomas Fairfax, Governor of Limerick, and William Fairfax, of Stenton.)
A225 WILLIAM BLADEN, Commissary-General of Maryland,
A226 ANNIE BLADEN, married Benjamin Tasker, President of the Council, and Deputy-Governor of the Province of Mary[illegible]
A227 REBECCA TASKER, married Daniel Dulany, Member of the Council, and Secretary of State of Maryland
(2) ANN DULANY, married M. le Comte de la Serre, and had REBECCA, First wife of SIR RICHARD HUIDER, M. D. Physician to the Queen of England.

(3) COLONEL BENJAMIN TASKER DULANEY, of Virginia, Aide-de-camp to General Washington.

(B) DANIEL FRENCH DULANY, married Sarah, daughter of Commodore Thomas Tingey, United States Navy.

(g) NANCY DULANY, married Dr. JOHN C. HUNTER.

1 John Hunter: m. Emma Briscoe; issue.

2 Lucy Hunter

R228 LOUIS VIII, King of France, had by his first wife, Princess Blanche, daughter of Alphonso IV, King of Castile, and his wife, Princess Eleanor, Daughter of Henry II, King of England:
B229 PRINCE ROBERT, Earl of Artois
B230 BLANCHE, widow of Henry I, King of Navarre
B231 HENRY, third Earl of Lancaster
B232 LADY JOAN PLANTAGENET, married John third Baron De Mowbray, Lord of the Isle of Axholme
B233 JOHN , fourth Baron Mowbray
B234 SIR THOMAS DE MOWBRAY, K.G., Duke of Norfolk
B235 LADY MARGARET DE MOWBRAY, married John Howard, son of Sir John Howard Knight
B236 SIR JOHN HOWARD, K.G., first Duke of Norfolk
B237 SAMUEL THOMAS, of Anne Arundel County, Maryland
B238 ELIZABETH THOMAS, second wife of Richard Snowden
B239 THOMAS SNOWDEN, of Maryland
B240 MAJOR THOMAS SNOWDEN, of "Montpelier," in Maryland
(3) MARY SNOWDEN, married John C. Herbert, of "Walnut Grange" in Virginia, also of Royal Descent.
(g) MARY VIRGINIA HERBERT, married THOMAS T. HUNT Captian, U. S. Navy, and CS.Navy
1 Dr. Frederick.
2 Thomas, C. S. Navy.
3 Madeline, wife of Major Edmondstone.
4 Julia, wife of Colonel Frank Harwood US [illegible]
5 William.
6 Charles.
7 Sarah.
8 Minnie.

C241 HENRY III, King of England, in 1236 married Lady Eleanor Berenger, daughter of Raymond, Count de Provence.
C242 PRINCE EDMUND PLANTAGENET, Earl of Lancaster and Leicester.
C243 HENRY PLANTAGENET, married secondly, Blanche, widow of Henry, King of Navarre, and granddaughter of Louis VIII, King of France
C244 LADY JOAN PLANTAGENET, married John, third Lord Mowbray
C245 JOHN, fourth Lord Mowbray
C246 LADY ELEANOR MOWBRAY, married Roger, Lord de la Warr
C247 LADY JOAN DE LA WARR, married Sir Thomas, third Baron West
C248 REGINALD, fifth Baron West and Lord de la Warr
C249 SIR RICHARD WEST, seventh Lord de la Warr
C250 SIR THOMAS WEST, K.G., eighth Lord de la Warr
C251 SIR GEORGE WEST, KNT., married Lady Elizabeth
C252 SIR WILLIAM WEST, created 1566, Lord de la Warr
C253 COLONEL JOHN WEST, second Lord de la Warr; Governor and Captain-General of the Virginia Colony, 1610,
C254 UNITY WEST, married Captain William Dandridge, R.N.
C255 COLONEL NATHANIEL WEST DANDRIDGE, of Virginia
(3) MAJOR ALEXANDER SPOTSWOOD DANDRIDGE, an aid on staff of General Washington
(A) ADAM STEPHEN DANDRIDGE, of "The Bower," in Virginia
(e) MARY EVELYN, married ROBERT M. T. HUNTER U.S. Senator

D256 ROBERT II, King of Scotland, by his wife Lady Elizabeth Mure
D257 PRINCESS MARGARET STUART, married Eoin Mor MacDonnell
D258 EOIN-OGE MACDONNELL, the hero of Sir Walter Scott's "Lord of the Isles".
D259 MARCACH MACDONNELL, of the Glinns
D260 TIRLOUGH MOR MACDONNELL, of the Glinns
D261 TIRLOUGH OGE MACDONNELL, first of the MacDonnells to settle in Leinster.
D262 DONOCH MACDONNELL, of Leinster, slain in Veix 1504
D263 EOIN CARRACH MACDONNELL, of Leinster
D264 TIRLOUGH MACDONNELL, of Leinster
D265 CALVAGH MACDONNELL, Lord of Tenekille
D266 HUGH-BUIDHE MACDONNELL, Lord of the Manors of Tenekille and Ballycrangel, Queen's County, Ireland
D267 BRIAN MACDONNELL
D268 ALEXANDER MACDONNELL, "the Constable of Wicklow" and Commander of the Gallowglasses in 1641
D269 LIEUTENANT BRYAN MCDONALD, of Arklow, County Wicklow Served in the army of King James II, and in 1691 removed with his family to America and settled in Mill Creed Hundred, New Castle Co., Del., where he purchased six hundred acres of land from Penn.
D270 BRYAN MCDONALD, fourth son, removed about 1753 to Botetourt Co., Va.
(2) JOSEPH MCDONALD, of Greenfield, Va.
(A) MAJOR RICHARD MCDONALD, of Macksville, Ky.
(a) COLONEL JAMES MCDONALD, of Sacramento Calif. Member of Kentucky State Legislature 1828-37.
3 DE WITT CLINTON MCDONALD, of San Francisco, Calif., married MARTHA ELEANOR HUNTER
A James Monroe

(G) OFFICERS OF THE CONTINENTAL ARMY.

Reference 20.

Alexander Hunter, Pennsylvania. Paymaster 1st. Pennsylvania, April 12, 1777.

Andrew Hunter, New Jersey. Captain 3rd. New Jersey Regt. June 1, 1777. Brigade Chaplain August 5, 1778.

Daniel Hunter, Pennsylvania. Colonel Pennsylvania Militia, June, 1777.

David Hunter, South Carolina. Capt. Militia, 1775-1781.

Elijah Hunter, New York. 1st. lieut. 4th. Regt. New York, 1775; Captain, 1776;

Ephsiam Hunter, Pennsylvania. Lieut. Watts Pennsylvania Battalion Flying Camp, 1776. Prisoner Fort Washington, November 16, 1776, released December 8, 1782.

George Hunter, Pennsylvania. Surgeons mate, 1777-1778.

James Hunter, North Carolina. Major Militia 1781.

James Hunter, Pennsylvania. Second Lieut. and paymaster 3rd. Pennsylvania Regt. 1776; Captain 1776.

James Hunter, South Carolina. Surgeons mate, Militia 1781-1785.

John Hunter, New York. 1st. Lieut. Hardenberg's New York Regt. 1776, Captain 1777, prisoner at Fort Montgomery October 6, 1777.

John Hunter, Virginia. 2nd. Lieut. Thurston's Continental Regt. Moses, Virginia. Paymaster 4th. regt. Va.

Patrick Hunter, Ensign, prisoner, August 12th.

Robert Hunter, New York. Ensign Malcolm's Continental Regiment, lieut. capt.

Robert Hunter, Rhode Island. Ensign Olney's Rhode Island Battalion.

William Hunter, Virginia. Paymaster 1st. Virginia State Regt.

(G) HUNTERS IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION (Ref. 21).

Following are the Hunters who served in the American Revolution from the respective colonies:

CONNECTICUT.

Ebenezer, Minute men and volunteers-1776.

James, Col. Sheldon's Light Dragons, 1777-83.

John, Col. Chapman's Regiment.

Joseph, 3rd. Reg. Conn. Line.

Nathaniel, Conn. Pensioner, act of 1832.

Nathaniel, Revolutionary Pensioner.

Peter, 3rd. Reg. Conn. Line.

Robert, Lexington Alarm, April 1775.

Robert, 5th. Reg. Conn. Line.

Turlle, Continental Frigate "Confederacy".

Turtle, Served on the ship "Oliver Cromwell".

DELAWARE

John, Took the oath of affirmation, Aug. 19, 1778.

William, Recruit raised by Capt. Benjamin's Co.-1758.

GEORGIA

Elizabeth, Revolutionary Widow.

James, Surgeon.

J. W., Revolutionary Soldier.

Miles, Received lot of ground from W. Samuel Whatley, Washington Co., June 1, 1784.

Miles, Revolutionary Soldier.

Moses, Revolutionary Soldier, Wilkes Co., Ga.

MARYLAND

James, discharged soldier of two Battalions of militia, 178[illegible].

Nath'l, Muster of Maryland Troops.

MARYLAND

Thomas, Muster of Maryland Troops.

Thomas, Early and Independant Co's.

William, Enlisted by Lt. William Falconer.

William, Discharged soldier of two Battalions of Militia, 1781.

William, Returned to the Maryland Line, enlisted in 1782.

William, No commissioned officer of Maryland Line.

William, On payroll of the Maryland Line, 1783.

William, Private.

William, Select Militia.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Adam, Col. John Brook's Regiment.

Alexander, Col. Henry Johnson's Regiment.

Alexander, Ship "Protector".

Andrew, Col Josiah Whitney's Reg't.

Andrew, Col. James Converse's Reg't.

Andrew, Ship, " Lord Sandwich".

Archibald, Col. Henry Jackson's Reg't.

Benjamin, Reported a wagon.

Charles, Col. James Hunter's Reg't.

Dan, Ship "Essex".

David, Col. Jonathan Ward's Reg't.

David, Col. Ebenezer Learned's Reg't.

David, Col. Samuel William's Reg't.

David, Col. Cogswell's Reg't.

Edward, Col. Jonathan Warner's Reg't.

Edward, Col. Josiah Whitney's Reg't.

Edward, Col. Cyprian Howell's Reg't.

MASSACHUSETTES.

Henry, Col. Jones's Reg't.

Hugh, Col. Michael Jackson's Reg't.

Isaac, Col. Ruggles Woodbridge's Reg't.

James, Col. Samuel McCobb's Reg't.

James, Ammunition receipt given to Capt. Barnabas Sears, Feb. 15,1776.

James, Col. Ruggles Woodbridge's Reg't.

James, Col. Samuel Bullard's Reg't.

John, Col. Benjamin Lincoln's Reg't.

John, Raised descriptive list of men to reinforce the Continental Army.

John, Col. Jonathan Warner's Reg't.

John, Col. Nicholas Dike's Reg't.

John, Col John Crane's Reg't.

John, On board "Hague" signed receipt for wages dated May 14, 1783.

Jonathan, Col. Samuel Holden Parson's Reg't.

Joseph, Col. Thomas Craft's Reg't.

Joseph, Col. William McIntosh's Reg't.

Joseph, Col. Edmund Phinney's Reg't.

Joseph, Private Capt. Thomas Hamilton's Co.

Peter, Col. Crane's Reg't.

Robert, Col. R. Putnam's Reg't.

Robert, Col. Jonathan Ward's Reg't.

Robert, Col. Jonathan Warner's Reg't.

Robert, Col. Charles Pynchon's Reg't.

Robert, Col. Samuel McCobb's Reg't.

Samuel, Col. John Bliss's Reg't.

Samuel, Col. Elisha Porter's Reg't.

MASSACHUSETTES.

Samuel, Col. Thomas Marshall's Reg't.

Solomon, Col. Jonathan Reed's Reg't.

Thomas, Private Captain Adam Henry's Co.

William, Col. Ebenezer Stevens' Reg't.

William, Col. Benjamin Ruggles Woodbridge's Reg't.

William, Ship "Hazard"

William, Col Simond's Reg't.

William, Col. James Hunter's Reg't.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Daniel.

James.

John (This name appears on the records 3 times).

Robert (This name appears on the records twice).

NEW JERSEY.

Andrew, New Jersey Militia.

Harman, New Jersey Militia.

Joseph, 3rd. Battalion, 1st. est. Capt. Ross' Co.

Andrew, Somerset also Continental Army.

Harman, Hunterdon also Continental Army.

James, Hunterdon.

John, "Cap't. Nixon's Troop Light Horse" Middlesex.

NEW YORK

Capt. 2nd. R. Westchester Co. Militia.

Andrew, 16th. reg. Albany Co.

Andrew, 17th. Reg't. Albany Co.

Archibald.

Archebel, Ulster Co. Militia.

Banjamin, 4th. Reg't The Line.

David, 12th. Regt. Albany Co. Militia.

Ebenezer, The Levies Col. Frederick Weissenfel's Reg't.

Elijah, 4th. Reg't The Line.

Elijah, 4th. Reg't. Westcher Co. Militia.

Ezekiel, 4th. Reg't, The Line.

Ezekiel, 4th. Reg't. The Line.

Ezekiel, 2nd. Reg't. Orange City Militia.

Frederick, 3rd. Reg't. Westchester Co. Militia.

George, 13th. Reg't. Albany Co.

James, 2nd. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

James, 2nd. Reg't. The Line.

James, 5th. Reg't The Line.

James, The Levies. Col. Lewis Du Bois's Reg't.

James, The Levies. Col Lewis Du Bois's Re't.

James, 4th. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

John, Capt., 2nd. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

John, Capt., 3rd. Reg't The Line.

John, Capt., 3rd. Reg't. 3rd. Reg't. Orange Co. Militia.

John, Capt., 13th. Reg't. Albany Co. Militia.

John, Capt., Col. Albert Pawling's Reg't. The Levies.

John, Col. Marinus Willett's Reg't. The Levies.

John, 13th. Reg't. Albany Co. Militia.

John, Charlotte Co. Militia.

John, 1st. Reg't. Westchester Co. Militia.

John, 3rd. Reg't. Albany Co. Militia.

John, 2nd. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

John, 4th. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

Jonathan, 1st. Reg't. Col. Goose Van Schaick's Reg't.

Jonathan, Col. James Clinton's 3rd. Reg't.

Jonathan, 4th. Reg't. The Line. Col. James Holmes' Reg't.

Jonathan, 4th. Reg't. Albany Co. Militia.

Matthew, 4th. Reg't. Orange Co. Militia.

Moses, The Levies. Col. William Malcom.

Robert, The Levies. Col. Albert Pawling.

Robert, 4th. Reg't. Orange Co. Militia.

Robert, Col. Albert Pawling's Reg't. The Levies.

Robert, 13th. Reg't. Albany Co. Militia.

Robert, 2nd. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

Robert, 2nd. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

Samuel, 13th. Reg't. Albany Co. Militia.

Stephen, 4th. Reg't. Ulster Co. Militia.

Thomas, 3rd. Reg't. The Line.

PENNSYLVANIA

Colonel, this title appears on our records 4 times. Christian name not given.

Captain, this title appears on our records twice. Christian name not given.

Lieutenant, belonged to Mr. Hunter's Party.

Mr. I., belonged to Mr. Hunter's Party.

Mr. I., belonged to Mr. Hunter's Party.

Alexander, Ensign.

Alexander.

Alexander, Captain Wm. Harrison's Co.

Alexander.

Alexander, Alexander Graydon's Reg't.

Alexander.

Alexd'r.

Alex'r, Jancoster Co.

Alex'r.

Allex, This name appears on our records twice.

Allex'r.

Andrew, 7th. Battalion Lancaster Co. (This name appears on our records five times.

Ande'w, This name appears on our records twice.

Ar.

Benjamin, 3rd. Pennsylvania Reg't. Continental Line.

Benjamin, 4th. Reg't. Continental Line.

Benjamin, 2nd. Reg't. Coultman's Co.

Christian.

Christopher, Continental Line.

Chris'r., Berk's Co. Militia.

Daniel, Col. Daniel Hunter's Reg't.

Daniel, (This name appears on our records five times).

Daniel, Captain Geist's Co.

Dan'l., Associator and Militia.

David, Associated Co's., York City.

David, William Denn's Reg't.

David, Ret. of 23 new Co's. of the Pennsylvania Reg't.

David, William Denny's Reg't.

David, Returned to Fort Augusta June 2, 1758.

David, Served Pennsylvania Reg't.

David, Returned with Cap't. D. Hunter, May 26,1759.

David, Levie Officer.

David, (This name appears on our records 18 times).

David, Associate and Militia.

PENNSYLVANIA

Dan'l., Accociator and Militia.

Edward, U.S. Armory.

Edward, Capt. John Jorden's Co.

Edward 2nd. Co. 4th. Battalion Rec. Willing.

Edward, (This name appears on our records 8 times).

Edward 2nd. Co. 6th. Battalion Col. Davis.

Edward, Accociator and Militia.

Ephriam, Flying Camp Continental Line.

Eward, Captain Joshia Brown's Reg't.

George, Private Capt. Samuel Patton's Co.

George, Letters of Mark.

George, Military Hospital Continental Line.

George, (This name appears ten times on our records).

George, Col. Caleb Davis's Reg't.

George, Col Davis's Reg't.

George, Col Samuel Culbertson's Reg't.

Henery, Returned with Cap't. Charles McClung.

Henry, Guard.

Jacob.

James, Officer Chester County.

James, Officer Kent Co.

James, Ship "Pennsylvania".

James, Recruit in Cap't. Paul Jackson's Reg't.

James, (This name appears on our records 22 times).

James, Ship " Alexander"

James, Paymaster Chester Co.

James, 10th. Pennsylvania Regiment.

James, 13th. Regiment Continental Line.

James, Captain Mordacia Morgan's Co.

Jams, Col. Samuel Hay's Reg't.

Jas., Associators and Militia.

Jas., This name appears on our records six times.

Jno. Ensign.

Jno., This name appears on our records three times.

John, Recruit Cap't. D. Hunter's Co.

John, 4th. Pennsylvania Reg't.

John, This name appears on our records fifty times.

John, Cap't. John Jorden's Reg't.

John, 13th. Reg't. Continental Line.

John, Associator and Militia.

John, Cap'n. Thos. Panton's Co.

John, Cap'n. Charles Taggart's Co.

John, Col. Thomas Taylor's Reg't.

Jonathan, Cumberland Co. Militia.

Joseph, This name appears on our records five times.

Joseph, Cumberland Co. Militia.

Killian, 13th. Reg't. Continental Line.

Nicholas, 9th. Pennsylvania Reg't.

Nicholas, This name appears on our records three times.

Pat'k., This name appears on our records once.

Patrick, Washington Co. Militia.

Patrick, Bucks Co. Association.

Patrick, This name appears on our records three times.

Peter, Ship "Pennsylvania".

Rob., This name appears on our records twice.

Robert, Col. James Burd's Reg't. (Pay List).

Robert, Hon. J. Penn, Esquire's Reg't.

Robert, Corporal 7th. Battalion.

Robert, This name appears on our records thirty-four times.

Robert, Cap't. John McDowell's Co.

Sam'l, Carporal, Captain Tudor's Co.

Sam'l, This name appears on our records five times.

Samuel, Officer Pennsylvania Reg't.

Samuel, Recruit Capt. John Haslet's Co.

Samuel, Officer Pennsylvania Reg't.

Samuel, 1st. Battalion of Pennsylvania Reg't.

Samuel, 1st. Battalion of Pennsylvania Reg't.

Samuel, 1st. Battalion of Pennsylvania Reg't.

Samuel, Major Asher Clayton's Reg't.

Samuel, This name appears on our records eighteen times.

Thomas, Enlisted by James Burd at Fort Granville.

Thomas, Recruit Cap't. David Hunter's Co.

Will'h., Sgt. Captain Bicker's Co.

William, Cap't. Charles Batho's Co.

William, Private, Col. Conrad Weiser's Reg't.

William, Recruit raised by Captain Benjamin Nixon.

William, The "Hancock".

William, This name appears on our records fourty times.

William, Captain Thos. Boudes' Co.

Will'm., This name appears on our records once.

Wilm., This name also appears on our records once.

Wm., Killed in Captain Armstrong's Co.

Wm., Continental Line.

Wm., Continental Line.

Wm., Associator and Militia.

Wm., This name appears on our records thirty times.

Wm., Private Adjutt Kerns return.

Wm., Returned to the different posts E. of Susquehannah.

VERMONT

David, This name appears on our records four times.

Ja., This name appears on our records once.

Jonathan, This name appears on our records twice.

Larkin, This name appears on our records twice.

Wm., This name appears on our records once.

Sergeant, This name appears on our records once..

VIRGINIA

Alex., (Charlotte) Co.

Austin, From Gorchland Co.

David, This name appears on our records once.

Francis, From Rotetourt Co.

Frederick, From Kentucky.

Geo., Surgeon.

Jacob, This name appears on our records once..

James, Accts. Committee of Safety.

John, This name appears on our records twice.

Joseph, This name appears on our records once.

Moses, Accts. Committee of Safety.

Peter, This name appears on our records once.

Stephen, This name appears on our records once.

Thomas, Aud. Acct.

Wm., This name appears on our records once.

(H) AMERICAN HUNTER FAMILIES.

Refernece 23.

Andrew Hunter, of County Londonberry, Ireland, was born in 1640, and it was the family tradition that his birthplace was the ancestral home of the Hunters of HUNTERSTON in Scotland. His son, Hugh, married Isabella Semple, and their son, David Hunter, lived in York county, Pennsylvania. He married Martha McIlhenny in 1745. He was a captain of a York county Company in the French and Indian War, and a member of the expedition against Fort Duquesne. Capt. Hunter mysteriously disappeared in the summer of 1776, and his family never saw or heard from him again. His fate was not known until nearly a century afterward, when on the destruction of an old house in the Valley of Virginia by Union soldiers, a paper was discovered concerning him. It was given to his great-grandson, Captain David Hunter Strother, and was found to be a writ of habeas corpus, issued in the name of "George III Rex," by authority of the Governor of Virginia, Lord Dunmore, directing the sheriff of Berkeley county to bring the body of David Hunter to the capitol at Williamsburg, Captain Hunter was a patriot, and Lord Dunmore, last of the English Governors of Virginia, was notorious for his cruelities and injustice to the colonists. Captain David Hunter bore the arms of the family of Calderwood, Scotland, "Vert, three dogs of the chase courant argent collared or; on a chief of the second as many hunting horns of the first, stringed gules. Crest: A greyhound sejant argent collared or Motto: Cursum perficio." The descendants of this line of the family are distinguished in the annals of Virginia, and allied with the Washington, Dandridge, Sptooswood, and many other historic families.

The following is the ship record of another of the name of Hunter, who immigrated to Virginia, June 6, 1635: "Vj * Junij 1635. "Thesis vnder-written names are to be transported to Virginia imbarqued in the Thomas and John Richard Lambard Mr: being examined by the Minister de Gravesend concerning their conformite to the orders and discipline of the Church of England: And tooke the oathe of Allegeance. .....yeres .....Francis Hunter.....19"

On "A list of names of the Dead in Virgnia since April last," is the name, recorded February 16, 1623, as the trace called the "Colledge," of John Hunter, among the killed. The name of Thomas Hunter appears on "A list of the Burialles in Elizabeth City, 1624."

Among early immigrants to New England were four of the name, as shown by the following ship record: "These under written names are to be transported to N. England imbarqued the Blessing from the Ministers and Justices of their conformitie in Religion and that they are no subsedymen.

"Christian Hunter.....20
"Eliz. Hunter.....18
"Tho. Hunter.....14
"Wm. Hunter.....11"

(H).

John Hunter was in New Haven, Connecticut, in 1644. He died in 1648 or '49.

Robert Hunter, of Ipswich, Massachusettes, was a freeman October 7, 1640. His wife, Mary, was mentioned in his will, dated 1647, but no children. Another Robert Hunter, of Ipswich, had several children. Thomas the eldest dies in 1687. It is believed that Thomas Hunter, of Marblehead, 1653, was his son. Another Thomas was in Springfield, in 1678.

William Hunter, of Boston, married, first in 1657, Cicely _____? She probably died soon afterward. His second wife was Mary, only child of Richard Carter. By her he had children. Savage, in his "Genealogical Dictionary," says that the four young passengers of the ship Blessing the record of whose sailing appears above, may have been children of this William, sent to join him in New England.

William Hunter, of Springfield, had sons, James and John, killed by Indians, July 4, 1676. Another William was in Barnstable at an early date.

Edward Hunter, of Marlboro, was born in 1716, and died there in 1797. He was a member of the General Court, 1776-7. His son, Jonathan Hunter, was born in Marlboro in 1753. He married Hannah Walkup, of Sudbury, Massachusettes. They removed to Plattsburg, New York. Their son Solomon, lived in Orwell, Ohio.

Joseph Hunter, of Nantucket, Mass., and Annah Hawes, of Chatham, Mass., published their marriage intention February 2[illegible], 1763. She was born 1738, and was living as Annah Hunter in 1781.

A distinguished member of the family in America included William L. Hunter, who died at Newport, Rhode Island, in 1849, aged seventy-five. He graduated at Brown University in 1791. He was admitted to the bar, at Newport, at the age of twenty-one. In 1799 he entered the state legislature, and served at various times until 1811, when he became a Senator in Congress, in which office he remained until 1821. In 1834 he was appointed charge in Brazil, and continued there, as minister until 1844, when he returned to Newport, and resided there until his death.

General Alexander Hunter died at Washington, D.C., in 1849, aged fifty nine. He was marshall of the District of Columbia. Edmund P. Hunter, died at Berkeley Springs, Virginia, in 1859. He was a lawyer and a member of the legislature.

William Hunter was assistant Secretary of the State. His son, Lieut. H.C. Hunter, of the United States Navy, died at Barcelona, Spain, in 1873. Revolutionary officers of the name are Alexander, Daniel, Ephriam and James, of Pennsylvania; David, of South Carolina; James of North Carolina; Andrew of New Jersey; Elijah and John of New York.

George Hunter, one of the earliest residents of New York City, married Ruth, the widow of John Broome, in 1777. Mr. Hunter died in 1799. They had one son, born 4th. August, 1788. He was named John Hunter. He resided at 5 State Street for many years, from 1801 to 1812. He was the Hunter of Hunter's Island. He became very distinguished in after years, and was well known to many of the last generation. In a convention to amend the Constitution of this State, John Hunter was the oldest member present.

Miss Catherine Stewart Hunter, who was born in New York, is a descendant of Capt. Elijah Hunter, of New York. She was a daughter of Dr. Abraham Thew Hunter and Adeline Morrison, his wife; granddaughter of Ezra Hunter and Rachel Thew, his wife; gr.-granddaughter of Elijah Hunter, and Anna Drake, his wife. Elijah Hunter, 1775, was lieutenant in Capt. Daniel Mills' company, Col. James Holmes' regiment, and was captain of grenadiers at the Battle of White Plains. He served as a delegate from Westchester county to the Assembly. He was born at New Castle, 1749, and died, 1815, at Mount Pleasant (Sing Sing).

(H).

The Brick Presbyterian Church records in New York Coty are as follows:

HUNTER, - - - -, son of Charles, bpt. Apr., 1849.

HUNTER, Adelina M., mem. June, 1827, now Cooke, dism. October, 1859.

HUNTER, Caroline M. (Miss), mem. January, 1903, let.

HUNTER, Caroline M. (Mrs.), mem. January, 1903 let., wife of Charles A.

HUNTER, Charles, mem. April, 1829, conf.

HUNTER, Charles, mem. July, 1835, let.

HUNTER, Charles, dism. 1833.

HUNTER, Charles, mem. July, 1835, let. (dead?), retired.

HUNTER, Cahrles A., mem. January, 1903, let.

HUNTER, John Wallace, mar. Anna Elizabeth Stanton, January, 1817.

HUNTER, Robert W., mar., Mary Clifton Harrison, Apr., 17, 1861 (by William J. Hodge).

HUNTER, Sarah H. (Miss), mem. Jan., 1903, let.

HUNTER, Sarah J., mem. July, 1835, wife of Charles, dism., June, 1862.

HUNTER, Sarah J., mem. July, 1860, dism. June 1862.

HUNTER, Sarah J., mem. Apr., 1829, wife of Charles, conf.

HUNTER, Sarah J., dism. 1833.

HUNTER, Sarah J., mem. July, 1833, let.wife of Charles.

HUNTER, Stephen Vanarden, b. Sept. 23, 1834, bpt. Feb. 20, 1835.

Two wills of Hunters in New York State are thus recorded.

Will of Alexander Hunter, Homer, Cortland co., N.Y., July 15, 1833.
To son William Hunter.
To son Charles H. Hunter.
To son James Hunter.
To son John Hunter.
To son Alexander Hunter.
To daughter Nancy Hunter.
To daughter Margaret Hunter.
To nieces Diana and Sally, daughters of James Hunter.
Will of John Hunter, of Ulysses, Cayuga co., N.Y., November 3, 1802, July 13, 1803.
Wife Eve; Daughters Mary Warms, Catherine Sager, Jane Vomp.
Elizabeth Vandergrist, Eve Fleming, and my eldest son James.
Sons Johoekem and John, Jr.
Benjamin Coykendall and Walter Van Ormam, Exs.
Rhoda and Lydia Gardner and Richard Pangburn, Witnesses.

Among the early New York State marriages in the Hunter family were the following:
1765, May 20, Agnes Hunter and William Wallace.
1781, Sept. 25, Anna Hunter and Robert Graham.
1763, Nov. 2, Elenor Hunter and Christopher Swedland.
1768, Sept. 18, Elijah Hunter and Anna Drake.
1737, June 4, Elizabeth Hunter and John Ward.
1760, November 13, Elizabeth and William Taylor.
1781, October 12, George Hunter and Ann Bennet.
1757, April 12, Joseph Hunter and Mary Burnett.
1769, Febraury 16, Mary Hunter and John Schuyler.
1777, Dec. 13, Rachel Hunter, and James Galbreath.
1737, Nov. 19, Rachel Hunter and Edward Smith.
1764, Oct. 9, William Hunter and Elenor McNeil.

Early Virginia marriages of the Hunters were:

HUNTER, Eliza and John Vernon, Sept. 6, 1792, Rockbridge Co., Va.

HUNTER, Isabella and William Hall, Sept. 6, 1792, Rockbridge Co., Va.

HUNTER, Jean and Abraham Case, Sept. 7, 1790, Rockbridge Co., Va.

HUNTER, John and Mary Early, Feb. 5, 1790, Campbell Co., Va.

HUNTER, Mary and David Kingen, Oct. 25, 1792, Rockbridge Co., Va.

HUNTER, Miles and Sally Pritchard, 1788, Dinwiddie Co., Va.

HUNTER, Pamelia and Samuel C. Burks, Oct. 8, 1811, Rockbridge Co., Va.

HUNTER, Peter and Sarah Nowlin, Dec. 17, 1790, Campbell Co., Va.

HUNTER, Robert and Nancy Ellis, 1739, Amherst Co., Va.

Early Virginia wills are recorded as follows:

HUNTER, ALEX'R
Bedford Co., Va. Will filed March 22, 1768.
s. Alexander Hunter.
s. James Hunter.
s. Samuel Hunter.
d. Betty Hunter.

HUNTER, JOHN.
Campbell Co., Va. Will filed June 7, 1796.
wife (former husband Jere Early).
s. Benjamin Hunter.
s. John Hunter.
s. Alexander Hunter.
s. Robert Hunter.
s. James Hunter.
d. Elizabeth Hunter.

ISRAEL DODGE, born in Connecticut, September 3, 1760; at adult age moved to Kentucky, where he married Nancy Ann Hunter, born in Carlisle, Pa. daughter of Joseph Hunter, and wife, Anne Homes, of the Scotch-Irish emigration, which has furnished so many strong men to the nation. They had children Nancy and Henry.

Nancy Hunter married, second, Asael, son of the brave William Linn, who served with Col. Clark at Kaskaskia, and had a son, Lewis Fields, born November 24, 1793, who served in the U.S. Senate from Missouri 1833-45. She thus furnishes the only instance in this country of a mother with two sons serving the United States Senate at the same time. Lewis Fields Linn from Missouri, and his half brother, Henry Dodge, serving from Wisconsin.

Nancy Dodge (sister of Henry Dodge), daughter of Ann Hunter and Israel Dodge, married in Ste. Genevieve, first, Joseph Conn, and had a son, Joseph H. Conn, a well known business man of St. Louis, who married Elizabeth Anderson, and had five children, the youngest of whom, Nancy Dodge, married William McLanahan, and resides in St. Louis.

(H).

The list of Hunters who served in Congress from 1776 to the present day is as follows:

HUNTER, Andrew Jackson, a representative from Illinois, born in Greencastle, Ind., Dec. 17, 1831, died in Paris Ill., Jan. 12, 1913.

HUNTER, John, a representative and a senator from South Carolina, born in South Carolina about 1760.

HUNTER, John Ward, a representative from New York, born in Brooklyn, N.Y., Oct. 15, 1807, died April 16, 1900.

HUNTER, Morton Craig, a representative from Indiana, born in Versailles, Ind., Feb. 5, 1825, died Oct., 25, 1896.

HUNTER, Narsworthy, a delegate from Mississippi Territory, died in Washington, D.C., March 1, 1802.

HUNTER, Robert Mercer Taliaferro, a representative and a senator from Virginia, born in Essex Co., Va., April 21, 1809, died in Essex County, Va., July 18, 1887.

HUNTER, Whiteside Godfrey, a representative from Kentucky, born December 25, 1841.

HUNTER, William a senator from Rhode Island, born in Newport, R.I., Nov. 26, 1774, died in Newport, R.I., December 3, 1849.

HUNTER, William, a representative from Vermont in 1817.

HUNTER, William Forrest, a representative from Ohio, born in Alexandria, Va., Dec. 10, 1808, died in Woodsfield, Ohio, March 30, 1874.

HUNTER , William H., a representative from Ohio in 1837.

The Pennsylvania Muster Rolls of 1776-1783, contain the following Hunters:
Cyrus Hunter, 1781, Westmoreland Co.; ensign.
John Hunter, 1782, Westmoreland, Co., private.
George Hunter, 1782, Bedford Co., private.
John Hunter, 1782, Cumberland Co., private.
Jonathan Hunter, 1781, Philadelphia Co., private.
David Hunter, 1781, Philadelphia Co., private.

GENEALOGY, 45 William Street, New York, reports the following unclaimed Hunter estates:
Hunter, Arthur, Camden, N.J., 1895. Hunter, Louisa, New York, 1850. Hunter, Nathaniel W., U.S. Army, 1864. Hunter, Robert or Hugh, Philadelphia, Pa., 1880. Hunter, Stuart A., New York.

(I) PROMINENT AMERICAN HUNTERS, PAST GENERATIONS.

(Reference 19.)

HUNTER, ANDREW, clergyman, b. in Virginia in 1752; d. in Washington, D.C., 24 February, 1823. He was the son of a British officer, was licensed to preach by the presbytery of Philadelphia in 1773, and immediately afterward made a missionary tour through Virginia, and Pennsylvania. He was appointed a brigade chaplain in 1775, and served throughout the Revolution, and received the public thanks of General Washington, for valuable aid at the battle of Monmouth. In 1794, he was principal of a school near Trenton, N.J. In 1804 he was elected professor of mathematics and astronomy in Princeton, but resigned in 1808 to take charge of the Bordertown Academy, and in 1810 became a chaplain of the navy. He married a daughter of Richard Stockton the signer;-his son DAVID soldier, b. in Washington, D.C. 21 July, 1802. d. there in February 1886. He was graduated at the United States Military Academy in 1822, appointed 2nd. lieutenant in the 5th. infantry, promoted first lieutenant in 1828, and became a captain in the first dragoons in 1833. He was assigned to frontier duty, and twice crossed the plains to the Rocky Mountains. He resigned his commission in 1836, and engaged in business in January. He reentered the military service, as a paymaster with the rank of major in March 1842, was chief paymaster of General John E. Wool's command in the Mexican War, and was afterward stationed successively at New Orleans, Washington, Detroit, St. Louis and Lincoln, when he set out from Springfield for Washington in February 1861, but at Buffalo was disabled by the pressure of the crowd his collar bone was dislocated. On the 14th May, he was appointed Colonel of the 6th. United States Cavalry, and three days later was commissioned brigader general of volunteers, He commanded the main column of McDowell's army in the Manassas Campaign and was severely wounded at Bull Run 21 July, 1861. He was made a major general of volunteers 13 August, 1861, served under General Fremont in "Missouri," and on November 2nd. succeeded him in the command of the western department. From 20th. of November, 1861 till 11 March, 1862 he commanded in department of Kansas. Under date of 19th. February 1862, General Halleck wrote "To him" to you, more than any other arm out of this department, are we indebted for our success at Fort Donelson. In my strait for troops to reinforce General Grant I applied to you. You responded nobly, placing your forces at my disposition. This enabled us to win the victory." In March, 1862, General Hunter was transferred to the department of the south with headquarters at Port Royal, S.C. On 12th. April, he issued a general order in which he said: "All persons of color lately held this involuntary service by eminence of the United States; In Fort Pulaski, and on Cockspur Island, Georgia, are hereby confiscated, and declared free in conformity

law, and shall hereafter receive the fruits of their labor." On 9th. May in general orders declaring Georgia, Florida and South Carolina (his department) under martial law, he added "Slavery and martial law, in a free country are altogether incompatible. The persons in these three States, heretofore held as slaves are therefore declared forever free." Ten days later this order was annuled by the President. In May General Hunter organized an expedition in which over 5,000 men were landed in James Island, but it was unsuccessful. Later he raised and organized the first S. Carolina volunteers, the first regiment of black troops in the National Service. In May, 1864, he was placed in command of the department of West Virginia. He defeated a confederate force at Piedmont on 5th. June, and attacked Lynchburg unsuccessfully on the 18th. From August 8th. till 1st. February, he was on leave of absence, after which he served on the courts Martial being president of the commission that tried the persons who conspired for the assassination of President Lincoln. He was brevetted major General of the United Stated army 13th. March, 1865, and mustered out of the volunteer service in January 1866, after which he was president of a special-claims commission, and of a body for the examination of calvary officers. He was retired from active service by reason of his own 31st. July, 1866, and thereafter resided at Washington. General Hunter married a daughter of John Kinzie, who was the 1st. permanent citizen of Chicago. Mrs. Hunter survived her husband. Another son Lewis Boudinot (on another page) also survived.

John Hunter; senator, b. in S. Carolina about 1760. He received a Academic education engaged in agriculture, and in 1792 was elected to congress serving till 1795. He was elected United States Senator from South Carolina in 1796 in place of Pierce Butler who had resigned and served from February 1797 till 1798, when he resigned.

(I).

John Dunn Hunter; adventurer; b. in a settlement West of the Mississippi about 1798; d. near Nacagdoches, Texas early in 1827. According to his own narrative he was made captive by the Kickapoo Indians when an infant, and adopted into the family of the principal warriors. He afterward fell into the hands of a party of Kansas Indians, and was finally received among the Osages, where he was adopted for the third time. He was dangerously wounded in an engagment with the Canis, and before he was recovered he was taken by the Osages across the Rocky Mountains into the valley of Columbia River, and up to its mouth. After traveling southward towards the affluents of the Rio Del Norte, and receiving from the Indians the name of the "Hunter", on account of his skill, he went with them toward the affluents of the Mississippi meeting traders often by the way. The treacherous conduct of his companions toward the latter disgusted Hunter, and after several exciting incidents, and some internal struggles, he determined in 1817 to cast his lot with the whites. He managed to reach New Orleans, and after gaining a considerable sum by the sale of the furs that he possessed, he attended the schools of the city, and learned the English language. Here he assumed the name that the Indians had given him. He was in Kentucky in 1821 pursuing his studies, and afterward by the advice and help of friends visited Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and other cities. He was prossidon all sides to publish a narrative of his life among Indians, and was assisted by Elward Clarke in the composition of his work, It appeared in 1823, and was received with much favor. Its success however was checked soon afterward. Duponcean a Frenchman living in Philadelphia; who had long been engaged in researches on the Idioms of the American Indians met Hunter, and after several conversations with him became convinced that he was a impostor, and entirely ignorant of the language he claimed to know. He told Hunter so, and published his opinion.. The statement of Duponcean, first met with little belief, but it was supported by some of those who had formed part of the expidition to the Rocky Mountains of Major Stephen H. Long, in 1819-20. Hunter now embarked from England, where he met with a flattering reception. After receiving many valuable gifts, and being presented to the Royal Family, he went to the United States where he met with a renewal of the charges against him. In the North American Revolution he was denounced in an article by General Cass, as one of the boldest impostors that had appeared in the literary world since the days of Psalmanazor, and at the same time the author of the article accumulated a mass of irresistible proofs against him. Hunter made no attempt to refute these charges. He went to Mexico and received from the government of that country, the grant of an immense territory in which he promised to settle a colony of Indians. He assured the Mexicans that he would thus form a ramport on their frontiers that would be capable of resisting every encroachment on the part of the U,S.

John Howard Hunter; Canadian educator, b. in Bandon, Ireland, 22 December, 1839. He was educated at Queens' University, Ireland, and at Toronto University, Canada, where he received the degree of M.A. in 1861. He was appointed the rector at St. Catherine's Collegiate Institute in 1871, principal of the Ontario Institute for the blind in 1784, and inspector of insurance for Ontario in 1881. He has written much for magazines, and is the author of "Upper Canada College Questions" (Toronto, 1868), and "Manual Insurance Law" (1881).

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(I).

John Ward Hunter; congressman, b. in Brooklyn, N.Y. 15 October, 1807. He was educated in the common schools of Brooklyn, engaged in business there in 1836-65, was assistant auditor in the custom house. In 1866 was elected as a republican to fill out the unexpired term of Joseph Humphrey, dec. serving from December, 1866 till March, 1867. He was Mayor of Brooklyn in 1875-76, but since that time has occupied no official position.

(I).

Joseph Hunter; British author, b. in Sheffield, England 6 February, 1783; d. in London 9 May, 1861. Was pastor of a presbyterian church at Bath, from 1809 till 1833, and from the latter date till his death was assistant keeper of the Public Records in London. His "Founders of New Plymouth." Published first as a pamphlet, and afterward at the "Massachusettes Historical Collections," was subsequently enlarged (London 1854*. Was also instrumental in procuring for the Historical Society a transcript of the "History of the Plymouth Plantation."

(I)

Sir Martin Hunter; British soldier, b. in 1757. d. at Ontario Hill, Canada, 9 February 1846. He entered the army the 30th. August 1771, became lieutenant 18th. June 1775, the day following the Battle of "Bunker Hill," Captain 21 November 1777; colonel in 1800; and General 27 May, 1825. He was at Bunker Hill, Brooklyn, and Brandywine in the settling of Fort Washington, and in the night attack of General Wayne's brigade in which he was wounded. He served afterward in the East Indies, and in 1797 commanded a brigade in the capture of Trevidad, and the seige of Porto Rico. Subsequently was commander in chief at Halifant, and governor of New Brunswick.

Lewis Boudinot Hunter; surgeon, b. in Princeton, N.J. 9 October, 1804. d. in Philadelphia 6 June, 1887. He was the son of Andrew Hunter. Was graduated at Princeton in 1824, and at the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1828. On 3 March 1871, was made a medical director with the rank of commodore, and retired.

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(I).

Morton Craig Hunter; soldier, b. in Versailles, Indiana, 5 February 1825. Was graduated at the law department of Indiana University in 1849, and elected a member of the legislature of that state in 1858. Was colonel of the 82nd. regiment of Indiana infantry in the Civil War. He was commanded a brigade till the end of the war taking part in Sherman's March to the Sea. He was brevetted brigadier general of volunteers, 3 March, 1865, and was afterward elected to congress 4 March 1867 till 3 March 1869, and again from 1 December, 1873 till 4 March 1879.

(I).

Peter Hunter; British soldier, b. in Scotland in 1746, d. in Quebec 21 August, 1805. He entered the army, and had attended the rank of lieutenant general when he was appointed in 1799 to administer the government of upper Canada, succeeding Lord Semcoe, and made commander in chief of the forces in Canada. He was eminently successful in his administrations, and to his policy Canada is indebted for many proofs that probably it would otherwise never be known. His brother John (.. the celebrated anatomist) erected a monument to him in the England Cathedral of Quebec.

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(I).

Robert Hunter; colonial governor, d. in Jamaica 11 March, 1734. He entered the British Army, and rose to the rank of major general. He was appointed governor of Virginia in 1797, but while on the voyage was captured by a French privateer, and retained a captive till the end of 1709. In June 1710 he became governor of New York, and the Jerseys at the head of 2,000 Palatine Colonists. He was commander of the ablest of the series of Royal governors, but had frequent disputes with the assembly, which almost invariably refused to grant the required appropriations . He retired from the governorship of New York in 1719, and was appointed governor of Jamaica in July, 1727, which office he held till his death. He was the author of the famous letter on "Enthusiasm," which was attributed by some to Swift, and by others to Shaftesbury, and also was the author of a farce called, "Androboros."

Robert Mercer Taliaferro Hunter; statesman, b. Essex county Virginia, 21 April 1809, d. there 18 July, 1887. He was educated at the University of Virginia, studied at the Winchester Virginia Law School, and began practice in 1830. After serving in the Virginia legislature in 1833, he was elected to congress as a democrat in 1837, and 1838, and in 1839, chosen speaker of the House of Representatives. He was re-seated in 1842, and in 1846 was chosen United States Senator, taking his seat in December 1847. Meanwhile he bore a conspicious part in the political discussions of the day. He favored the annexation of Texas, and the compromise of the Oregon question, took an active part in favor of the retrocession of the city of Alexandria, by the general governor of Virginia, supporting the tariff bill of 1846, originated the warehouse system, and opposed the Wilmot provisio. From 1847 till 1861 he was United States Senator. He advocated the bill of 1855, forbidding the use of the army to enforce action of the pro-slavery Kansas legislature, and the repeal of the Missouri pro-slavery law, which declared the penalty for nearly fifty slavery offences. Mr. Hunter framed the tariff act of 1857 by which the dates were considerably lowered, and the revenue reduced. In the session of 1857-80, he advocated the administration of Kansas, under the Lecompton constitution with slavery. In 1860 he was a candidate for the democratic nomination for President, receiving several ballots in the Charleston Convention the next highest vote to that of Stephen A. Douglass, and in January of this year made an elaborate speech in the senate in favor of slavery, and the right of the slave holder to carry his slaves to the territories. When a bill came before the Confederate army, Mr. Hunter at first opposed it, but having been instructed by the Virginia legislature to vote in its favor, did so, accompanying his vote with an emphatic protest. At the close of the war he was arrested, but was released on parole, and in 1867 was pardoned by President Johnson. He was a successful candidate for U.S. Senator in 1874, became treasurer of Va. in 1877, and in 1880 retired to the farm in Essex County, Va.

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(I)

William Hunter; statesman, b. in Newport, R.I., 26 November 1774, d. there 3 December 1849. His father Dr. William Hunter a physician of Scottish parents gave in Newport in 1754-the first lectures on anatomy that were delivered in New England, and probably in the United States. The son studied medicine with his kinsman John Hunter in England by abandoning it for law, read in the Temple, and on his return to the United States in 1795 was admitted to the bar in Newport, R.I. from 1799 till 1811. He was a member of the legislature, and in the latter year he was elected United States Senator to fill out the term of of Christo G. Champlin. He was re-elected and served till 1821 with success as a statesman, and orator. His publications on the acquisition of Florida, and the Missouri Compromise gave him wide reputation. Resuming his profession at Newport, he practiced till 1834 when he was commissioned charge D'affaires in Brazil, beginning minister plenipotentiary in 1841, and serving till 1843. Returning to Newport at the conclusion of his service he resided there till his death-his son William diplomatist b. in New Port, R.I., 8 November 1805. At Washington, D.C. 22 July 1886 entered the U.S. Military Academy but left it in two years on account of trouble with his eyes. He then studied law and practiced in New Orleans, R.I. till 1829, when he accepted a position in the State Department at Washington. He remained there till his death, at that time he held the office of second assistant Secretary of State, to which he had been appointed in 1866 by special act of Congress. His son Charles Monroe; officer, b. Newport, R.I. in 1813, d. at Sea 22 November 1875 entered the United States navy in 1831, was commissioned 1st. lieutenant in 1841, and retired at his own request in 1855. This breach of neutrality was investigated, and Commander Hunter was placed on the retired list. In 1866 by an act of Congress he was made Captain on the retired list, and he afterward resided at Newport, R.I.

(J) PROMINENT AMERICAN HUNTERS OF TODAY. (Ref. 28).

HUNTER, Aaron Burtis, school principal, See Vol. XI (1920-21), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, Alexander Stuart, college professor, b. Bavington, Pa.; s. of Joseph and Margaret (Stewart) H.; A.B., Washington and Jefferson, 1880, A.M., 1883, LL.D., 1902; grad. Western Theol. Sem., 1885; Ph.D., U. of Wooster, 1888; m.Lactitia Hunter, of Wilkinsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1885; children-Laetitia, Alexander Hays, Joseph Fisher. Licensed by Presbytery of Washington, Pa., 1885; pastor-elect, Brownsville, Pa., 1886; prof. physics and astronomy, 1887-90, ethics and English lit., 1890-95, Hanover College; prof. ethics and English lit., Western U. of Pa. (Now University of Pittsburgh), since 1895. Pres. Pittsburgh Bd. of trade 2 terms; pres. bd. of trustees Presbyn. hosp; mem. Chamber Commerce. Nominee for Council, City of Pittsburgh, 1915. Mem. Phi Delta Theta. Presby. Clubs: Eclectic, Authors. Author: Ethics-Theoretical and Practical, 1900; also numerous revs. and newspaper articles and popular lectures, also an anonymous novel. Home: 5826 5th. Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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HUNTER, Alfred M., army officer. See Vol. XI (1920-21), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, Arthur, actuary; b. actuary; b. Edinburgh, Scotland, June 29, 1869; s. Robertson and Jane (Mitchell) H.; ed. George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh; m. E. May Borst, of Phila., Oct. 16, 1894 (died Aug. 20, 1925); 1 dau., Virginia Calderwood. Came to U.S., 1892; actuary New York Life Ins. Co., 1904-18, chief actuary, 1918-. Chmn. Medico- Actuarial and American-Canadian Mortality Investigation. Appointed mem. com. to report on U.S.Gov't. plan for pensions, family allowances, and ins. for officers and men of army and navy, July 1917; apptd. chairman advisory bd. Div. Mil. and Naval Ins. of Bur. of War Risk Ins., Nov. 26, 1917. Chmn. Ins. com. Amer. Red Cross corr. Corr. mem. Trust Acturies; mem. ins. com. Y.M.C.A.; World War. Fellow Actuarial Soc. America (pres. 1916-18), Am. Inst. Actuaries, Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland; hon. mem. Assn. of Life Ins. Med. Dirs. Unitarian; pres. Layman's League of Unity Church, Montclair, N.J. Club: Nat. Arts has delivered numerous addresses to actuarial socs. and scientific bodies on subjects such as; Is Cancer Hereditary? Heart Mumurs, Their influence on Mortality; can Insurance Experience be applied to Lengthen Life? Life Insurance and drinking habits; Blood Pressure, What affects it? etc. Home: 124 Lloyd Rd., Montclair, N.J. Office: 346 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

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HUNTER, Dard; b. Steubenville, O., Nov. 29, 1883; s. of William Henry and Harriet (Rosemond)H. student O. State U.; grad. Graphische Lehr and Versuchs Anstalt, Vienna; also student Kinstgewerbe Schule, Vienna, and at Royal Tevh. Coll. London, Eng.; m. Helen Edith Cornell, of Williamsport, Pa. Mar. 24, 1918; children- Dard; Cornell Choate. Art dir. The Roycraft Shop, East Auror , N.Y., 1903-10. Settled on farm in N.Y. State in 1913; moved to Chillicothe, O. 1919. Makes the paper for limit editions of books issued by himself; designs, casts and the type, prints on hand press, and binds the books. Pub- ed The Etching of Figures, 1915, The Etching of Contemporary Life, 1917, both for the Chicago Soc. of Etchers- said to have been the first books in the history of printing produced entirely by the efforts of one man. Author: The Art of Book-making, 1915. Compiler: Hand Made paper and its Watermarks (abibliography), 1916; A History and bibliography of Marbled papers, 1921; Old P aper making, 1923; The Literature of Paper-making, 1925; Hand-made paper making 1925. Translator of Bibliographic de la Papeterne (by Dumercy), 1921. Extensive contbr. to mags. on printing , type making, paper making, and watermaking. Home: The Mountain House, Chillicothe, O.

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(J).

HUNTER, Edward, army officer. See Vol. XI (1920-21), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, Frederick Maurice, school supt.; b. Savannah, Mo., Mar. 24, 1879; s. Theodore F. and Frances M. (Tatlock) H.; grad. High School, Blue Rapids, Kans., 1895, A.B., U. of Neb., 1905 (Phi Betta Kappa); mem. Intercollegiate debating teams, 1902, 03; A.M.Columbia, 1919 Ed. D.U., of California, 1925; m. Emma E stelle Schrieber of Omaha 1907; children: Arthur Francis, Maurice Harold. Supt. Town Schools, 1905-11; prof. agrl. edn. and prin. U. of Nebr. Sch. of Agr., 1911-12; supt. city schools, Lincoln 1912-17; supt. schools, Oakland Calif. since 1917. Lecturer of summer sessions, Teachers Coll. (Columbia) 1918-19; inter session, and summer sessions, U. of Calif. 1923, 24, 25. Pres. N.E.A., 1920-21; chmn. Com. of 100 of N.E.A. for investigation of teacher tenure in U.S., 1923-24; mem. bd. dirs. Calif. State Teachers' Assn. Republican Conglist. Mason (Shriner), Elk Moose, Rotarion. Author: Teacher Tenure Legislation in the United States; also numerous ednl. papers. Office: City Hall, Oakland, Calif.

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HUNTER, George King, army officer. See Vol. 12 (1922-23), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, George Leland, author; b. Bellingham, Mass. May 8, 1867; grad. Phillips Exter Acad., N.H., 1885; A.B., Harvard 1889; m. Esther Kennedy Boardman, Pittsburgh March 24, 1913. Writer, lecturer on tapestries and other decorative subjects. decorative author; new edit. New Internat, Ency., 1914. Clubs: University (Chicago), Harvard New York City. Author: Tapestries. Their origin, History and Renaissance, 1912; Home Furnishing, 1913; Inside the house that Jack built, 1914; Italian Furniture and Interiors, 1917; Decorative Textiles, 1918; Decorati- furniture, ;923; Practical Book of Tapestries, 1925; Ta- estries of Clarence H. Mackey, 1925. Contbr, of 300 art- les on tapestries, etc. to mags. Home:Mark Twain Lane, Redding, Conn., and 122 E. 82nd. St., New York, N.Y.

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HUNTER, George McPherson, clergyman, author; b. Glasgow, Scotland, Sept. 29,1869; s. James and Elizabeth H.; ed. Engring School, and Glasgow U.; grad. New Brunswick Theol. Sem. 1901; m. Madeline Norman, of Toron Can., 1904; children-Norman M., J. Stewart, Betty (dec.) Morprie. Came to U.S., 1899, naturalized, citizen, 1908; ordained Presby. minister, 1901; pastor Rochelle Park, N.J., 1901-04; gen. sec. Am. Seaman's Friend Soc., 1904-14; edit. of Presby. Banner, Pittsburgh, Mem. Amer. Soc. Marine Engrs. Alpha Sigma. Republican Mason. Author; Morning Faces, 1918; When I was a boy in Scotland 1919; Gardens of Green, 1920. Contbr. articles on sociology, religion and sea life also adventure tales to mags. Has traveled in all countries of the world. Office: Magee Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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HUNTER, George William, biologist; b. Mamaroneck, N.Y., Apr. 7, 1873; s. of George William and Emma Louise (Cartwright) Hunter; A.B., Williams, 1895, A.M., 1896; fellow in zoology, U. of Chicago, 1896-98; post grad. work and lecturer in methods of teaching nature study and biology, N.Y., University 1907-14, Ph. D., 191[illegible]; m. Emily Isabel Jobbins, of N.Y. City, June 19, 1899; children-George William, III, Cartwright, Francis Robert. Head Dept. of Biology, DeWitt Clinton High School, N.Y. City, 1906-19; Prof. biology, Carleton Coll.; 1919-20; prof. biology, Knox Coll. since 1920. Asst. Marine Biol. Lab., Woods Hole, Mass., summers, 1900-10. Edul. dir., Washington dist. War Work Council Y.M.C.A., 1918-19. Fellow A.A.A.S., mem. N.E.A., Am. Inst. Social Science, Ill. State Acad. Sciences. Am. Zool. Soc. Episcopalian. Clubs: Kiwanis, Galesburg, Soangetha Country, Theta Delta Chi. Author: Laboratory Manual of Biology (with M.C. Valentine), 1903; Elements of Biology, 1907; Essentials of Biology, 1911, 23; A Civic Biology1916; History of Y.M.C.A. War Work of the Washington Dist., 1919; Civic Science in the Home; Civic Science in Community(with W.G.Whitman), 1921; Civic Science, 1922; New Essentials of Biology, 1923; Laboratory Problems in Civic Science, 1923. Home: Galesburg, Ill.

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HUNTER, Graham Chambers, clergyman; b. Toronto, Can. Dec. 5, 1882; s. of William Armstrong and Eliz. (Chambers) Hunter; came to U. S., 1899; A.B. Princeton 1904; B.D. Union Theol. Sem., 1909; A.M., Columbia, 1909; D.D., Occidental Coll, 1925; m. Louise Holden, of Newark, N.J., Oct. 19, 1911. Instr. Mills Inst., Honolulu, H.T., 1904-06; ordained Presbyterian minister, 1909; paster Laramie, Wyo., 1909-11, Ch. of the Covenant, New York, 1914-24; Fullerton, California, 1924-. Mem. 7th. Regt. N.G.N.Y., 1911-16. Mem. Am. Red Cross, Palestine Unit, 1918-19; Assoc. sec. Universal Chris-tian Conf. on Life and Work, Stockholm, 1925. Home: Fullerton, Calif.

HUNTER, Hiram, Tyram, educator; b. MarsHill, N.C., March 26, 1883; s. James Hardy and Martha Caroline (Braley) Hunter; grad. Mars Hill Coll., 1908; B.A., Wake Forest Coll. 1908; M.A., Teachers Coll. (Columbia); 1917; Ed. M. Harvard, 1922; m. Glen Weaver, of Weaversville, N.C., Aug. 7, 1912; children- Marthalou, Lucy Jane, Pres. Southside Inst. Chase City, Va., 1912-14; head dept. of English Womans Coll., Richmond, Va., 1914-16; Asso. prof. edn. and head dept. of edn. Southern Meth. U., Dallas, Tex. 1917-19; prof. edn. Baylor Coll., 1919-20; prof. edn. and dir. Summer Sch., Wake Forest Coll., 1920-23; pres. Cullowhee (N.C.) State Normal School since 1923; asst. to Dean Holmes, grad. School of Edn. Harvard, at Summer School, 1922. Mem. N.E.A., N.C. Edn. Assn., Intermont Edn., Council (pres.). Phi Delta Kappa (Harvard). Democrat Baptist. Home: Cullowhee, N.C.

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HUNTER, Joel, certified pub. accountant. See Vol. 1 (1924-25), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, John, mechanical engineer; b. Girvan, Scotland, Aug. 11, 1866; s. John and Elizabeth (Templeton) H.; ed. Ayr. Acad., and Hawthorne Acad., London; m. Minnie L. Templeton, of Detroit, Mich., Jan. 18, 1899. Apprentice in mech. engring, Ayr., 1881-86; sea going engr., 1886-95; sr. 1st. asst. engr. steamship St. Louis, Am. Line, New York, 1895-98; chief engr., steamship St. Paul, 1898-1905; chief engineer Union Electric Light & Power Co., St. Louis, 1905-17; chief engr. Heine Boiler Co., 1921-24; now consulting engr. Chief engr., with rank on lt. steamship St. Paul, under Capt. Sigsbee, during Spanish-Am. War, May-Sept. 1898; awarded 3 medals. apptd. rep. of Emergency Fleet Corpn., Nov. 10,1917, in charge building 150 5,000 ton vessels. Newark Bay, N.J.; naval constr., Standard Shipbuilding Corpn., Shooters island, N.Y., Jan. 1918-. Mem. jury of awards, San Francisco Expn., 1915, Mem. Am. Soc., M.E. Nat. Electric Light Ass'n., Uniform Boiler Law Society; past pres. Engineers Club, Caledonian Soc. Republican. Presbyterian. Mason (Shriner). Clubs: Circle, St. Louis Ry., Caledonian Soc. Mem. Prime Movers Com. Home: 331 S. Gore Ave., Webster Groves, Mo.

HUNTER, Paul Stewart, M.D., March 29, 1877-Oct. 20, 1923. See Vol. 13 (1924-25), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER,(Wiles), Robert, sociologist; b. Terre Haute, Ind., April 10, 1874; s. of W.R. and Caroline (Fouts) Hunter; A.B. Ind. U., 1896 m. Caroline M. Phelps Stokes, of Norton, Conn., May 23, 1903; children: Robert, Phelps Stokes, Caroline Phelps, Helen Louisa (dec.). Organizing sec., Chicago Bur. of charities, 1896-1902; chmn. investigation com. city homes assn., supt. municipal lodging House. Mem. small parks com., resident Hull House, 1899-1902, all of Chicago; resident of Toynbee Hall, London summer of 1890, and other English settlements, head-worker Univ. Settlement, New York, 1902-03,; chmn. New York Child Labor Com., 1902-06. Pres. Berkeley Commn. of Public Charities, 1921. Candidate for governor of Conn., 1910. Episcopalian. Clubs: Social reform (pres. 1905), City N.Y., Claremont County, Faculty, Berkeley Golf. Author: Tenement conditions in Chicago 1901; Poverty, 1904; Socialists at work, 1908; Violence and the Labor Movement 1914; Labor in Politics, 1915; Why We Fail as Christians, 1919. Lecturer Economics and English U. of Calif., 1918-22. Home: Casita del Cazador, Pebble Beach, Calif.

HUNTER, Rudolph Melville, consulting engineer, See Who's Who in America, Vol. XI (1920-21).

HUNTER, Samuel John, entomologist; b. Ireland, Nov. 11, 1866; s. of Rev. James and Rebecca (Davison) Hunter; removed with parents to Iowa in infancy; A.B., A.M., U. of Kans. 1893; grad. student, Cornell U., 1896; investigator Marine Biol. Lab., 1901-1902; m. Lida W. Campbell, of Atchison, Kans., June 16, 1897; 1 dau. Geneva (Mrs. John N. Monteith). Prin. Columbus (Kan.) High Sch., 1890-91, Atchison County School (High) 1893-96; absent on leave, 1894, to visit zool. laboratories of Europe; asst. prof, entomology, 1896-99, asso. prof. 1899; asso. prof. comparative zoology and entomology, 1901, head dept. entomology, 1902, prof., 1906, curator entomol collections, 1909, U. of K. State entomologist; Mem. Kansas State Entomol. Commn., 1907; collaborator, Federal Bur. of Entomology; Mem. Nat. Com. on Unification of State and Federal Hort. Inspection Legislation. Mem. Kans. Council for defense, World War. Pres. Eastern Kans. Teachers' Ass'n., 1894-95; Mem. American Assn., Econ. Entomologists, Kans. Acad. Science. Phi Betta Kappa, Sigma Xi; fellow A.A.A.S., Am. Entomol. Soc. Author: Elementry Studies in Insect Life. 1902. An Account of Kansas Coccide and Their Hosts, 1903; Morphology of Artificial Parthenogenesis, 1904; Insect Parthenogenesis, 1906; Problems in Parthenogentic Parasites, Pathogenic Parasites, 1911; etc. Chmn. Science Bull, editorial com., 1916-24. Owner (49 acres) and developer West Hills, Dist., Lawrence. Clubs: Rptary, Country. Home: 115 W. Campus Rd., Lawrence, Kan.

(J).

HUNTER, Stanley Armstrong, clergyman; b. Orangeville Ont., Aug. 23, 1888: s. of Rev. William Armstrong and Eliz. (Chambers) Hunter; student Denver U., 1905-06; A.B., Princeton, 1910; A.M., Columbia, 1914; grad. Union Theol. Sem., 1916; D.D., Occidental Coll., Los Angeles, 1925; m. Elizabeth, d. Harold Peirce, of Haverford, Pa., Mar. 21, 1918; children- Stanley Armstrong (dec.), William Armstrong III, Charlotte (dec.), Professor of English and Philosophy, Ewing Christian Coll. (N. India Presbyn., Mission), Allabadad, India, 1910-12; ass't. pastor Central Presbyn. Church, New York; 1913; Bryn Mawr, Pa., 1914-15; ordained presbyn. ministry, 1914, temporary pastor Church of Pilgrims, Brooklyn, N.Y., 1916; Pastor North Church, Pittsburgh, 1916-24, St. John's Presbyn. Ch., Berkeley, Calif., 1924-. Sec. Western, Pa. Com. Near East Relief, 1917-24. Mem. Board of Temperance and Moral Welfare Presbyn. Ch. Religious Work dir. Y.M.C.A., League Island Navy Yard, June-Sept., 1918; mem. Charities Comm., City of Berkeley Chamber of Commerce. Clubs: Princeton Terrace, Kiwanis (Princeton, N.J.). Author: Religious Ideals of President Wilson. Home: 2301 Benvenue. Address: St. John's Presbyterian Church, Berkeley, Calif.

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(J)

HUNTER, Thomas, educator. See Vol. VIII (1914-15), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, Walter David, entomologist; Dec. 14, 1875-Oct. 13, 1925. See Vol. 13 (1924-25), Who's Who in America.

HUNTER, Walter Samuel, psychologist; b. Decatur, Ill. Mar. 22, 1889; s. of George and Ida (Weakeley) Hunter; student Polytechnic Coll., Ft. Worth, Tex., 1905-08; A.B., U. of Tex., 1910; Ph.D., U. of Chicago, 1912; married; children-Thoyer, Helen. Instr. philosophy, 1912-14, adj. professor of psychology, 1914-16, U. of Tex.; prof. psychology, U. of Kansas, 1916-25; G. Stanley Hall prof. genetic psychology, Clark U., since 1925. Visiting Prof. Summers, Tulane, U., 1915, State U. of Ia. 1920. U. of Chicago, 1923. Served as 1st. Lieut., later capt., Sanitary Corps, Psychology Div., U.S.A., Sept. 8, 1917- Dec. 16, 1918. Fellow A.A.A.S.; mem. Amer. Psychol. Assn. (council, 1921-23). Author; Studies in Animal Behavior, Space Perception, Social and Theoretical Psychology; General Psychology, 1919-23. Asso. editor Psychol. Bull., 1916-24, Jour. Animal Behavior, 1914-20, Jour. comparative Psychology, 1921,-; editor comparative Psychol. Monographs, 1923-, Psychol Monographs, 1922-, Psychol Index, 1925-. Home: 171 Woodland St., Worcester, Mass.

(J)

HUNTER, William Boyd, lawyer, economist; b. Ponca, Neb., Apr. 1, 1876; s. William Hugh and Annie (Armstrong) Hunter; BSc.; U. of Neb., 1897 A.M. 1898; unmarried. Stastical expert, Bur. of Census, 1900-04, and in charge of methods and results, 1903-04; economist in charge investigations of monopolies, restraint of trade, and unfair methods of competition. Bur. of Corpns. (Now Federal Trade Commn.), 1904-13; practiced law at Chicago, Feb. 1913-14, at San Francisco, Aug. 1914-20, chiefly public utility law and the anti-trust acts; atty. examiner, hearing railroad rate cases, and sr. atty., trying railroad valuation cases, Interstate Commerce Commn., Aug. 1920-26; spl. atty. Bur. of Internal Revenue since Jan. 1926. Republican. Address: P.O. Box 1440, Washington, D.C.

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(K) HUNTER TOWNS, ETC.

See ref. 26.

There are in the United States, towns as follows:

"HUNTER:"	Arkansas	New York
	Kansas	North Dakota
	Kentucky	Oklahoma
	Missouri	Texas
"HUNTER HALL"		Virginia
"HUNTERS"	California	Iowa
	Georgia	Washington
"HUNTERS CREEK"		Michigan
"HUNTERS DEPOT		Kentucky
"HUNTERS HOTSPRINGS"		Montana
"(HUNTERS PARK STATION DULUTH)"		Minnesota
"HUNTERSVILLE"		Kentucky
"HUNTERSVILLE"		North Carolina
"HUNTERSVILLE"		West Virginia
"HUNTERTOWN"		Indiana
"HUNTERVILLE"		Missouri

There are also in the United States numerous countries, townships, streets, avenues, etc., bearing the name "HUNTER."

The above is eloquent testimony to the high esteem in which the name is held in this country.

(L) HUNTER CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES.

References 21 and 27.

The compiler of HUNTER FAMILY RECORDS has made up a mailing list from city and telephone directories of the United States, and from other sources, as follows:

ALA.--------64	ME.----------24	OKLA.---------96
ARIZ.-------18	MD.----------35	ORE.----------37
ARK. -------37	MASS.--------376	PA.----------724
CALIF.-----661	MICH.--------229	R.I.----------68
COLO.-------67	MINN.--------100	S.C.----------18
CONN.------107	MISS.---------19	S.D.----------12
D.C.--------94	MO.----------187	TENN.---------141
DEL.--------15	MONT.---------12	TEX.---------278
FLA.-------440	NEBR.---------51	UTAH----------50
GA.--------114	NEV.----------4	VT.------------7
IDAHO-------21	N.H.----------22	VA.----------116
ILL.-------430	N.J.---------200	WASH.---------63
IND.-------804	N.M.----------5	W. VA.-------111
IA.--------118	N.Y.---------618	WISC.---------55
KANS.------131	N.C.---------113	WYO.----------16
KY.---------69	N.D.----------14	CANADA-------105
LA.--------343	OHIO---------467	Total------6,669

To secure an estimate of the "Hunter population" of the United States, we figure as follows:

	(a) Multiply by
Only about half the names were taken from each directory consulted - - - - - - - - - - - -	2
Half of the Hunters reside in the rural districts or in small towns having no printed directories which were available to us - - - -	2
There are an average of more than four persons in each American family - - - - - - - - -	4
Since Hunter daughters marry and have as many descendants as the Hunter sons, there are as many Hunter descendants of "other names" as there are bearing the name Hunter, though it is much easier to locate the latter - - - -	2

By multiplying each figure of column (a) into the preceeding figure, we have a total of - - - - 32 — 6,669 — 32

Conservative estimate of the Hunter population of the United States, one-half of whom bear the name Hunter, and one-half of whom bear other names - 213,408.

The estimated Hunter population of any of the states may be obtained by multiplying the figures shown by 32. There are Hunters in every state of the Union. The Hunter population of the British Empire is probably equal to that in the United States.

(M) RELIGIONS OF THE HUNTERS

Reference 28.

For several centuries nearly all the Hunters lived in Scotland. Most of the Scotch, and, likewise, the Hunters, were and are of the Presbyterian faith.

Practically all the Hunters who went from Scotland to the North of Ireland, and their descendants remained Presbyterian.

The descendants of some of the Hunters who went from Scotland to England became members of the Church of England.

There are a few Hunters of the Catholic faith, in the British Isles, but it is estimated that their number did not exceed two per cent of the entire Hunter population.

The Hunters who came from the British Isles to America continued in the faith of their fathers, for the most part, though their descendants in this country today will be found in the memberships of practically all the various churches. It is estimated that of all the Hunters in America who are church members, at least ninety-seven per cent are of the Protestant faith.

Biographical sketches of twenty-three Hunters appear in WHO'S WHO IN AMERICA (Ref. 28). Their religious faiths are shown as follows:

Catholic	0
Episcopal	1
Faith not stated	16
Presbyterian	4
Protestant	2
Total	23

(N) REFERENCES.

1 BURKE'S LANDED GENTRY, 1894.
2 BURKE'S GENERAL ARMORY, 1878.
3 BURKE'S PEERAGE AND BARONETCY, 1915, 1924, 1897.
4 BURKE'S LANDED GENTRY, 1921, 1894 (Vol. II).
5 ENGLISH SURNAMES, Bardsley.
6 BRITISH FAMILY NAMES, Barber.
18 DICTIONARY OF NATIONAL BIOGRAPHY, London, 1887.
19 APPLETON'S CYCLOPEDIA OF AMERICAN BIOGRAPHY.
20 OFFICERS OF THE CONTINENTAL ARMY, 1775-1783, Heitman.
21 REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS OF THE RESPECTIVE COLONIES.
23 THE HUNTER FAMILY, Wm. M. Clemens.
24 AMERICANS OF ROYAL DESCENT, 1891, Browning.
25 HERALDIC ILLUSTRATIONS, 1853, Vol. I.
26 U.S. POSTAL GUIDE.
27 WHO'S WHO (British).
28 WHO'S WHO IN AMERICA, 1926-27.
21 CITY AND TELEPHONE DIRECTORIES.
22 HUNTER FAMILY REGISTER, Descendants of Samuel Hunter, of Va.
23 RECORD OF HUNTER OF HUNTERSTON AYRSHIRE SCOTLAND, 1902.
24 HUNTER FAMILY HISTORY, Urbana, O., 1905.
25 THE PEDIGREE OF HUNTER OF ABBOTSHILL AND BARJARG, London, 1905.
26 Private Collections of Family Data.
27 Miscellaneous sources.

(O)

Many of the "Families" as they are known today had their origin in the "tribe" or "clan". Centuries ago small groups of people who are blood kin to one another settled in certain communities. As their numbers increased they became known as a clan or tribe, and adopted customs and laws peculiar to themselves. One of the best known examples of this were the twelve tribes of Israel, but to a greater or lesser extent the same situation applied with hundreds of other "Families".

The members of these tribes or clans went together to battle, tilled the soil together, and lived and died together.

During the last few centuries when the means of communication, and transportation were increased, when the stronger tribes had overcome the weaker ones, the clans and tribes were more or less broken up, the members of all becoming citizens of the respective countries that we know today. In America where democracy is the corner stone of our laws and customs the clan and family ties are thought little of and are subordinated to the greater principles of democracy.

As we have greater time and means at our disposal today than ever before there is an interest in some quarters to reviving the traditions, customs, and ideals of the original clans by some of the old families.

The Hunter family had its origin in about the same way as many of the other old families, as described above. The Hunter family is indeed an old family and a large family.

There are over 200,000 Hunters and Hunter descendants in the United States (See Chapter (L). While they may not all be closely related, they do have a common name and traditions, and it is believed that if the facts were known, nearly all of them could be properly connected with the "main lines" of the family.

Many American families have quite complete published Genealogies. Considerable material has been published on the Brittish Hunter families, but apparently no attempt has ever been made to publish a Genealogy of "THE HUNTER FAMILIES OF AMERICA."

A great amount of Hunter data is available in government records and in the vital statistics of the various states, particularly of the original colonies: as well as in numerous other sources. A number of members of the Hunter family have rather complete private collections of material on their respective branches of the family.

This material is, however, "disconnected." If a general research was conducted, enough material could doubtless be assembled, and properly "connected," to comprize a large volume.

The compiler of the"HUNTER FAMILY RECORDS" and his associates would be interested in undertaking to produce a complete HUNTER GENEALOGY, if some member of the Hunter family could be found with sufficient interest in the cause to help finance it. It is believed that a great many of the Hunters would be interested in joining A NATIONAL HUNTER FAMILY ASSOCIATION. Such an association should have a constitution and by-laws, a staff of officers and should serve the following purposes:

Promote sociability, hospitality, the spirit of kinship and the "cousinly feeling" among ourselves, give repeated expression of our honor and respect for our Hunter ancestors: keep alive the traditions, standards and ideals of our fathers and mothers, keeping the name in the highest respect; impart the foregoing sentiments to our posterity; to keep family records up to date; to locate the graves of early Hunter ancestors; to give them proper care and to erect suitable monuments upon some of them; to plan local and national reunions at such times and places as may seem advisable; etc., etc.

NATIONAL HUNTER FAMILY REUNIONS

Many American families hold reunions regularly every year, most of them being of a local character, and the attendance of some of them exceeding 500 persons. The Boston Transceipt publishes a list of pending family reunions, every Thursday.

Local Hunter family reunions have been held annually in many localities to the United States for many years. A National reunion of all Hunters would be very interesting.

The facilities and connections of the AMERICAN HISTORICAL GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY are available to any members of the Hunter family who desire to take the leadership in and to finance any "Hunter movement."

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